## S10Symmetries Problem Set 2 Due Feb 17 2010

- (1) Recall that su(3) is the Lie algebra of anti-hermitean  $3 \times 3$  matrices. What is its dimension? (i.e., the number of independent basis elements). What is the rank of this Lie algebra? (i.e., the maximum number of commuting basis elements) Find a basis for su(3). (Hint Gell-Mann matrices play a role here analogous to Pauli matrices for spin.) Find a positive quadratic form that is invariant, analogous to  $L^2$  for so(3).
- (2) For a given magnitude of angular momentum *L*, and principal moments of inertia  $A_1 < A_2 < A_3$ , what is the maximum rotational kinetic energy allowed for a rigid body? What is the minimum energy?
- (3) Solve the Euler equations in terms of the Jacobi functions using the ansatz

$$L_1 = C_1 \operatorname{cn}(\omega t, k), \ L_2 = C_2 \operatorname{sn}(\omega t, k), \ L_3 = C_3 \operatorname{dn}(\omega t, k)$$

Determine how  $C_1, C_2, C_3, \omega, k$  depend on  $K, A_1, A_2, A_3, L^2$ .