PHY 251/420

Midterm Exam

Spring 2006

Each part below is worth 20 points.

Consider a two-dimensional gas of free spin-1/2 electrons confined to the xy plane (i.e. assume motion in the  $\hat{z}$  direction is quantized to its lowest energy level with  $k_z = 0$ ). The number of electrons per unit area is n, and initially, there is no magnetic field applied to the system.

a) The density of states  $g(\epsilon)$  is defined to be the number of single electron states per unit energy per unit area. Compute  $g(\epsilon)$ .

b) Find the Fermi energy,  $\epsilon_F$ , of the system as a function of the electron density n.

c) Find the total energy per unit area, E/A, in the ground state.

d) Now assume that a uniform magnetic field,  $\mathbf{H} = H\hat{z}$ , is applied to the system. Ignore the interaction between  $\mathbf{H}$  and the intrinsic electron spin. If n is such that the lowest p Landau levels are completely filled, and the  $(p+1)^{st}$  Landau level is a fraction  $\lambda$  filled, find the total energy per unit area, E(H)/A.

e) Compute the change in energy per unit area due to the applied magnetic field,  $\Delta E/A \equiv [E(H) - E(0)]/A$ , and make a sketch of  $\Delta E/A$  as a function of density n.