



All DØ meeting

March 30, 2007



Moriond EW summary

42nd Rencontres de Moriond

Electroweak Interactions and Unified Theories

March 10-17 2007, La Thuile, Italy

<http://indico.in2p3.fr/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=151>

- ▶ Goals of the conference
- ▶ W, Z, top and H from the Tevatron
- ▶ Evidence for D mixing from Belle and Babar
- ▶ CKM angles and sides
- ▶ Neutrinos: beam, reactor, atmospheric, $0\nu\beta\beta$
- ▶ High energy astronomy: photons, CR, neutrinos
- ▶ DM searches and precision measurements

Introduction

- ▶ Purposes of the conference:
 - Bring together theorists and experimentalists in beautiful and inspiring surroundings to discuss recent findings
 - Invite young scientists (~80% below 35 years-old)
- ▶ 138 participants, with 94 talks (11 in Young Scientist Forum)
- ▶ Excellent talks from the youngest participants!
- ▶ Dense program: 3 hours in the morning, 4 hours break, 3 hours in the evening
- ▶ Theorists and experimentalists talks mingled
- ▶ I will not cover all topics here: I have made a biased selection!
- ▶ Largely following the EW summary by B. Mansoulie
- ▶ Some updated plots and numbers are from Moriond QCD
 - Big surprise was D-Dbar mixing evidence by Belle & BaBar

Skiing was great!

From glorious "off-piste"

... to embarrassing falls



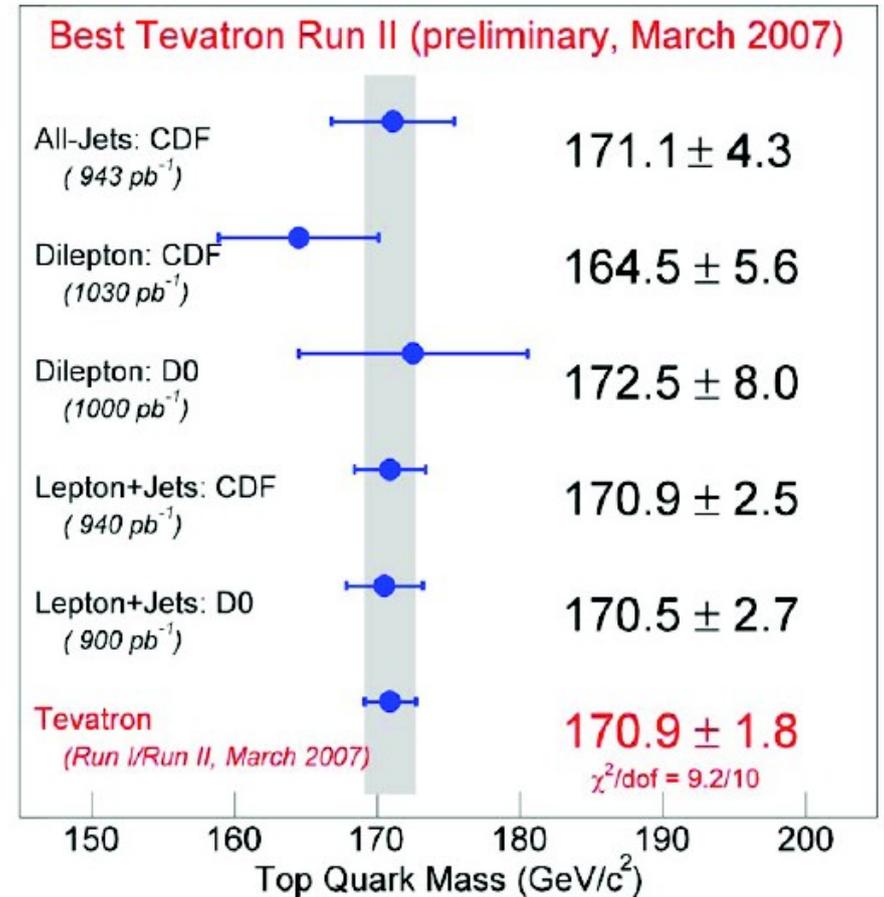
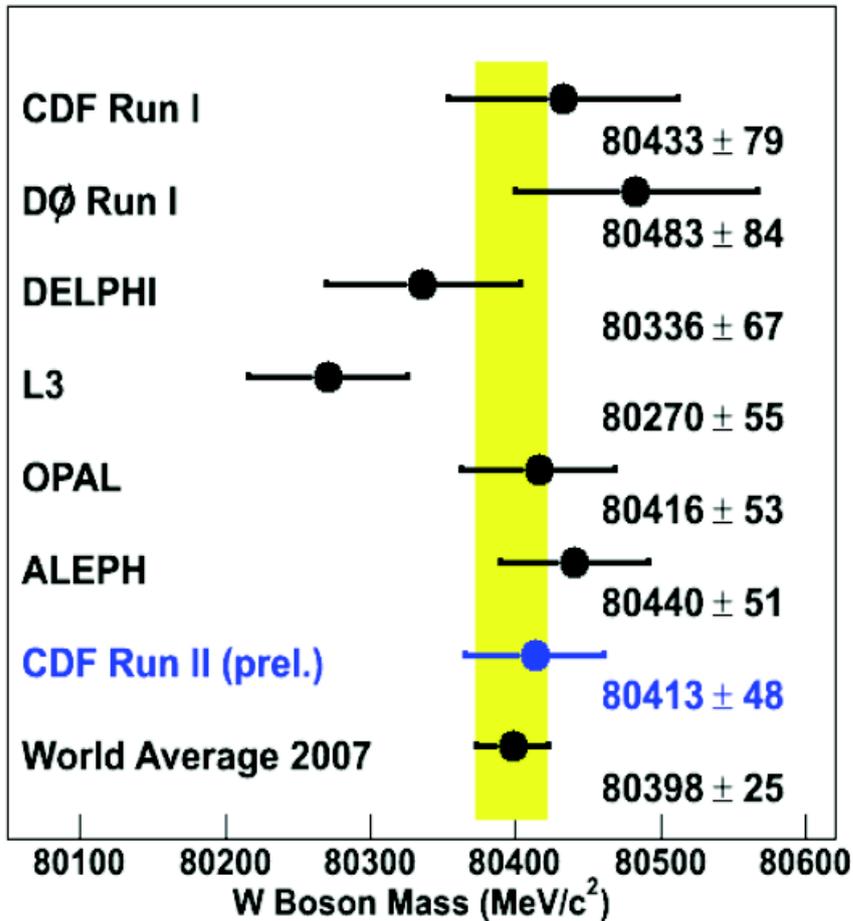
But all with beautiful views of Mont Blanc, Cervino, etc...



A

ond E

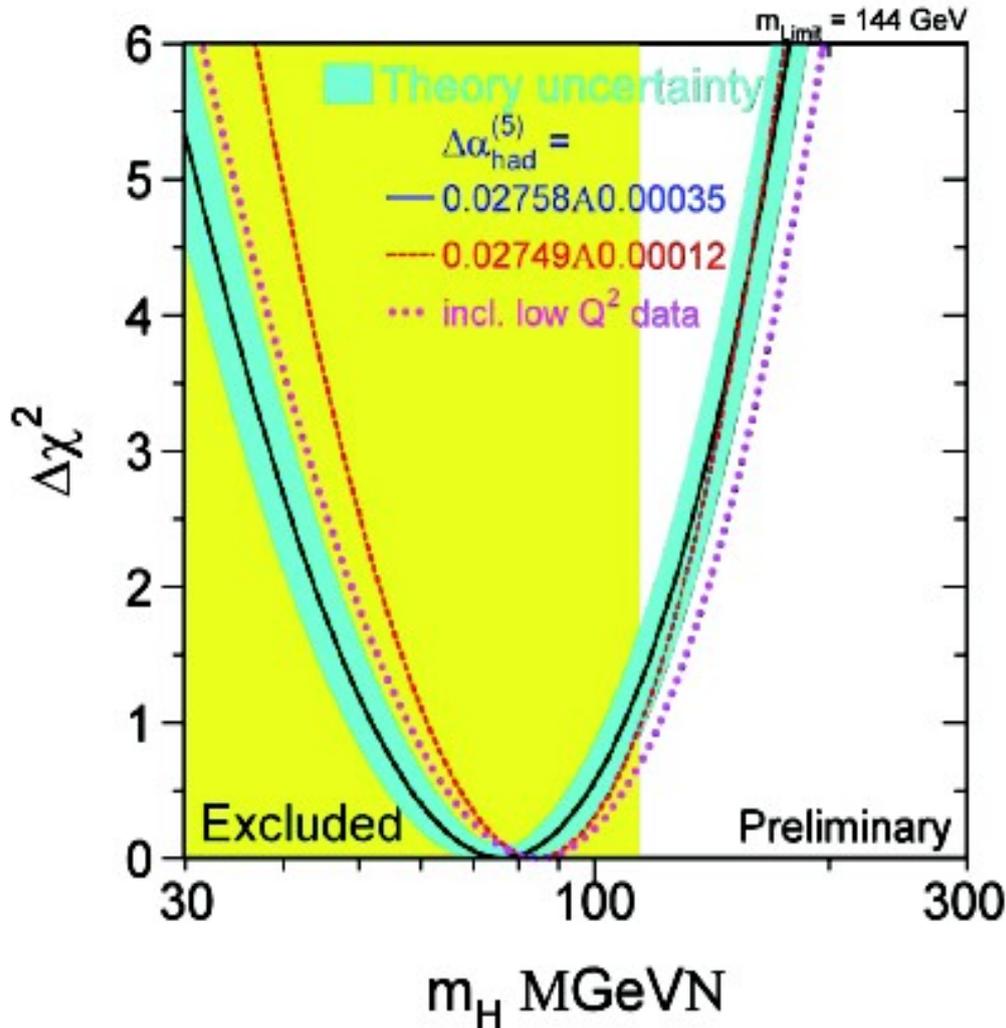
m_W and m_t



World average decreases by 6 MeV
 Δm_W decreases from 29 to 25 MeV

World average decreases by 0.5 GeV
 Δm_t is now at 1.1%!

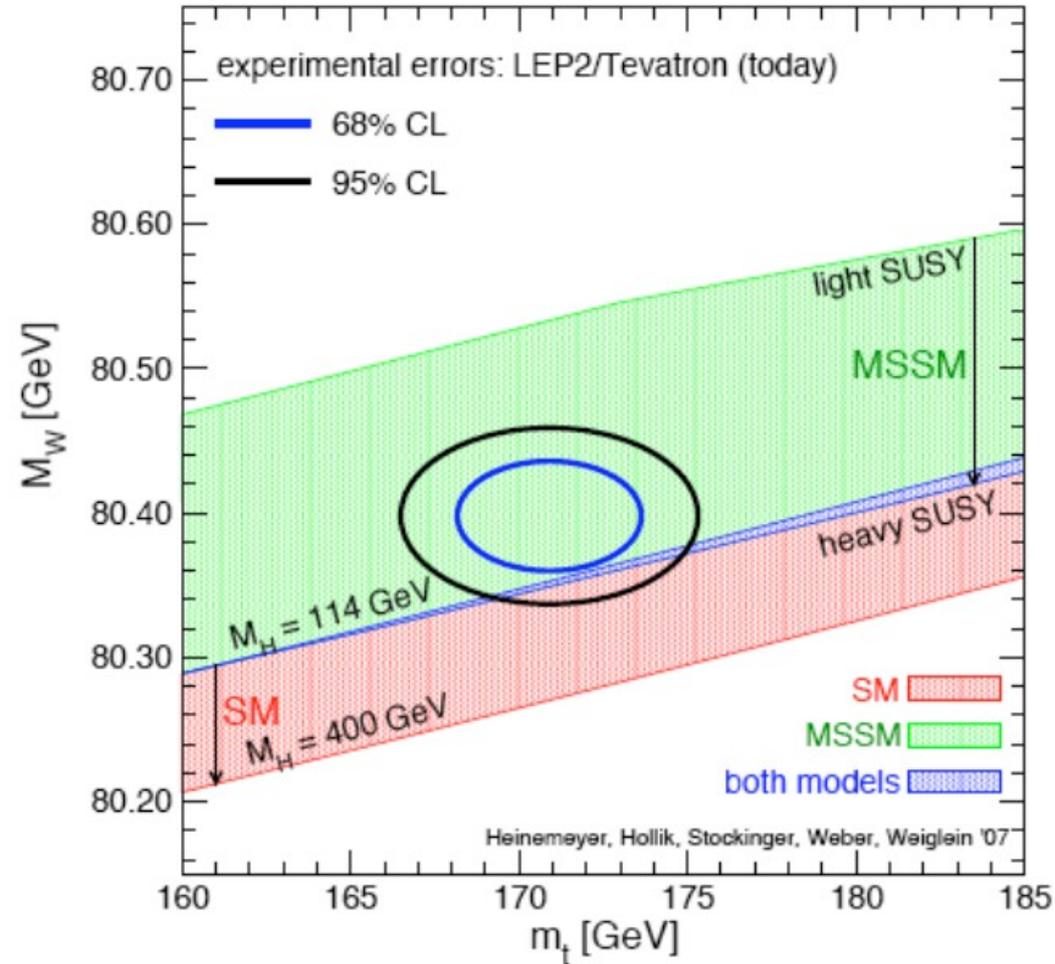
Electroweak fits



$m_H = 76^{+36}_{-24}$ GeV at minimum

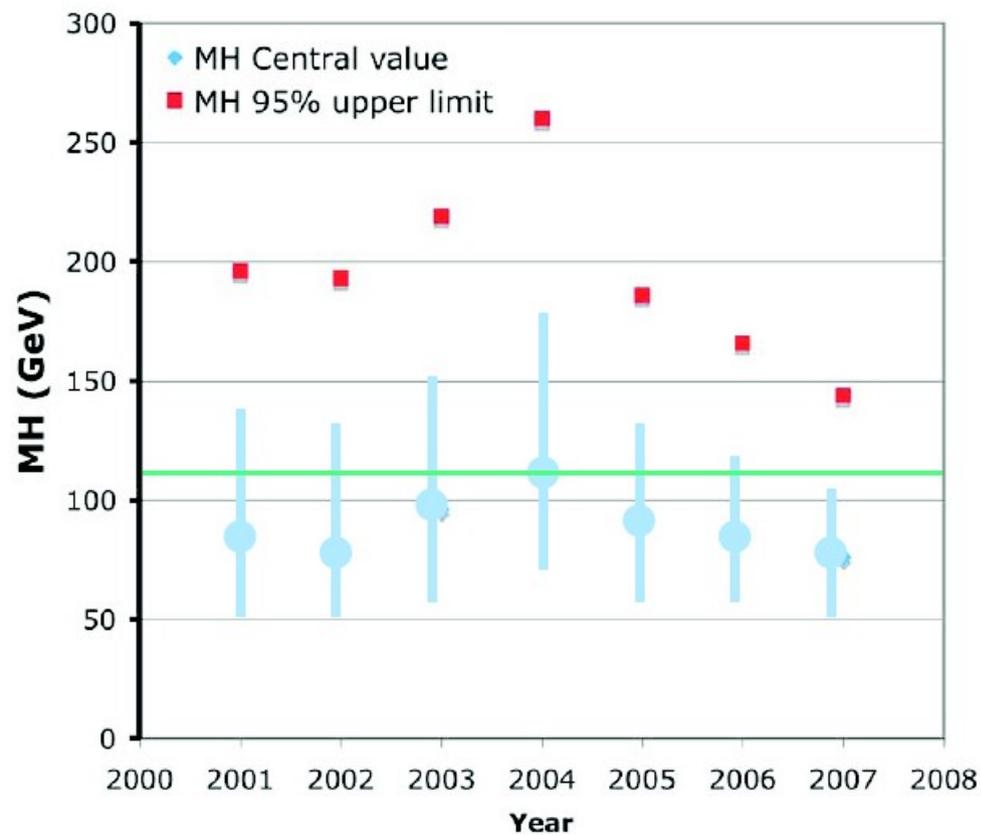
$m_H < 144$ GeV @ 95% CL

$m_H < 182$ GeV including LEP upper limit



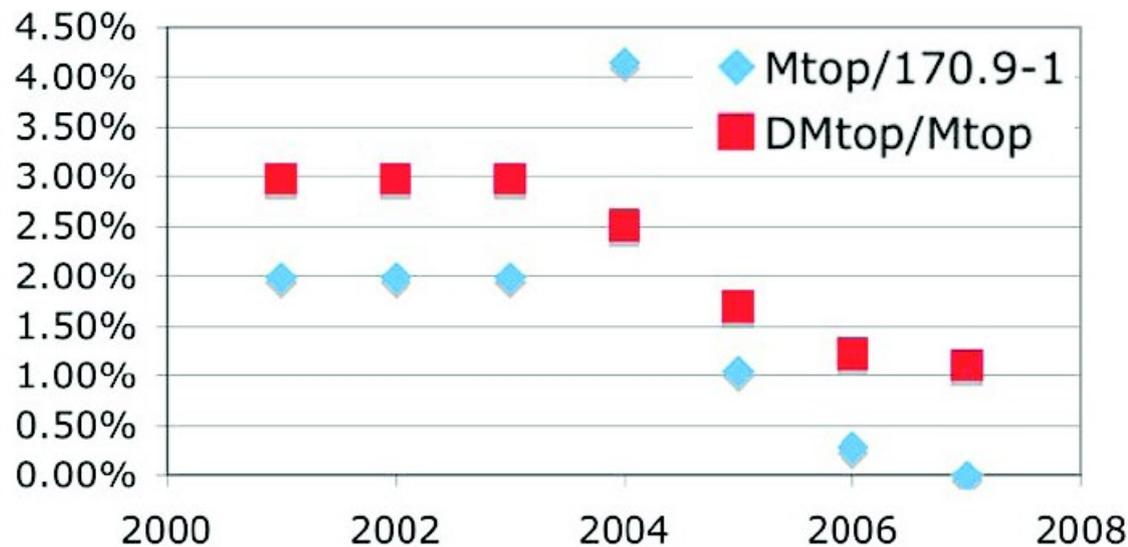
Time evolution

Evolution on MH from EW Fit

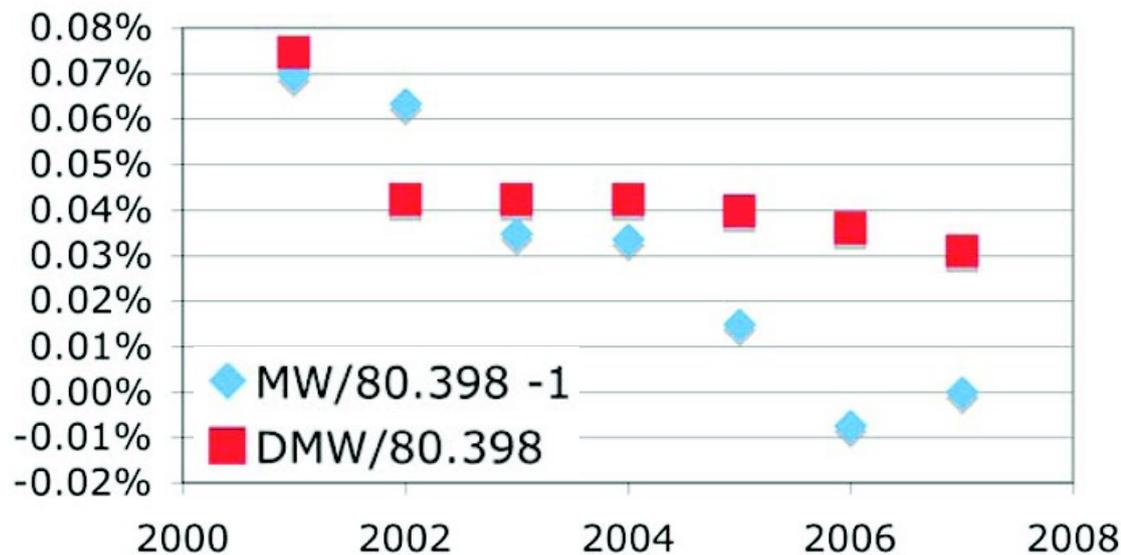


From Gigi Rolandi

Evolution of Mtop and Dmtop

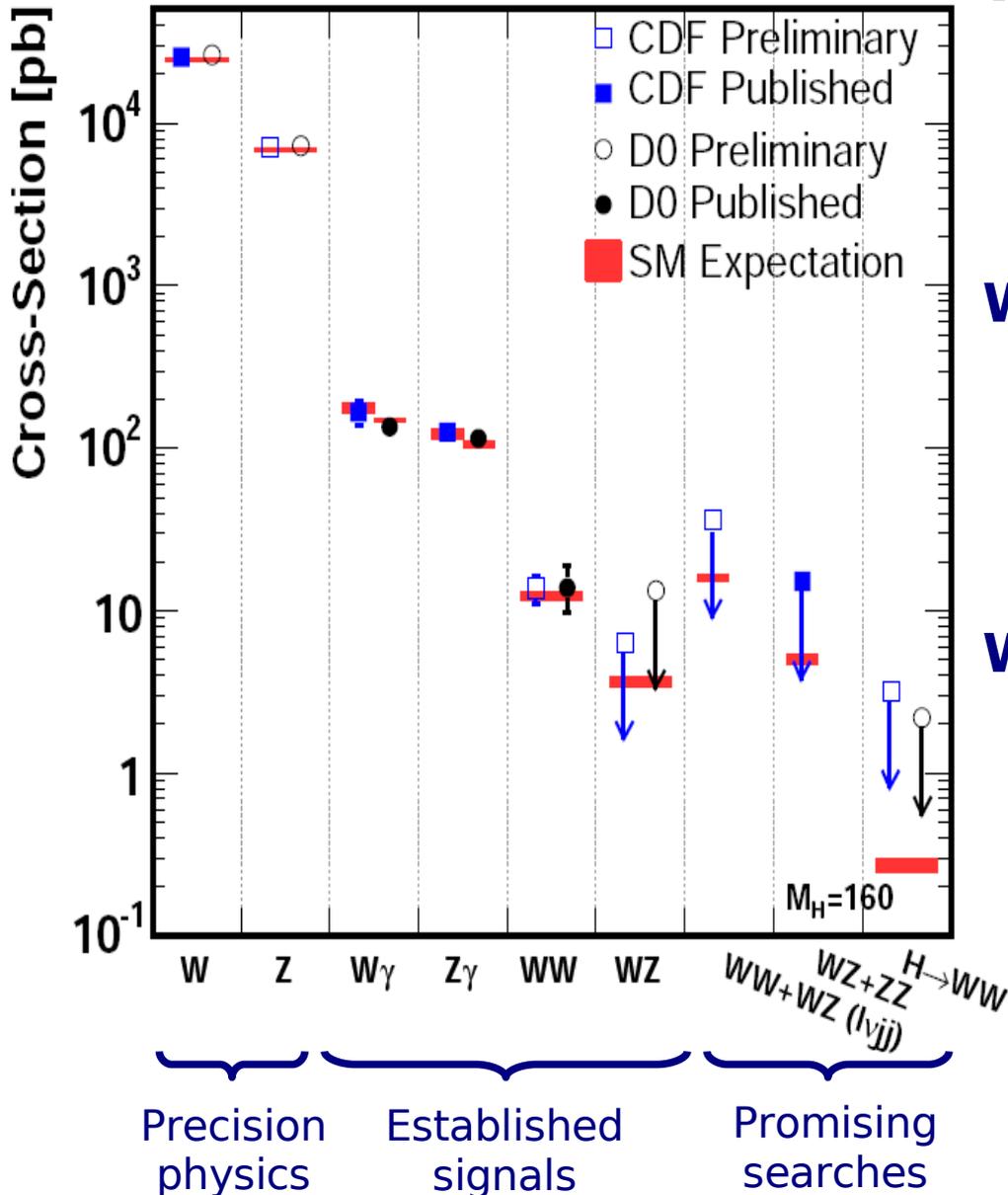


Evolution of MW and DMW



W, Z et al.

Tevatron Run II $p\bar{p}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}/c^2$



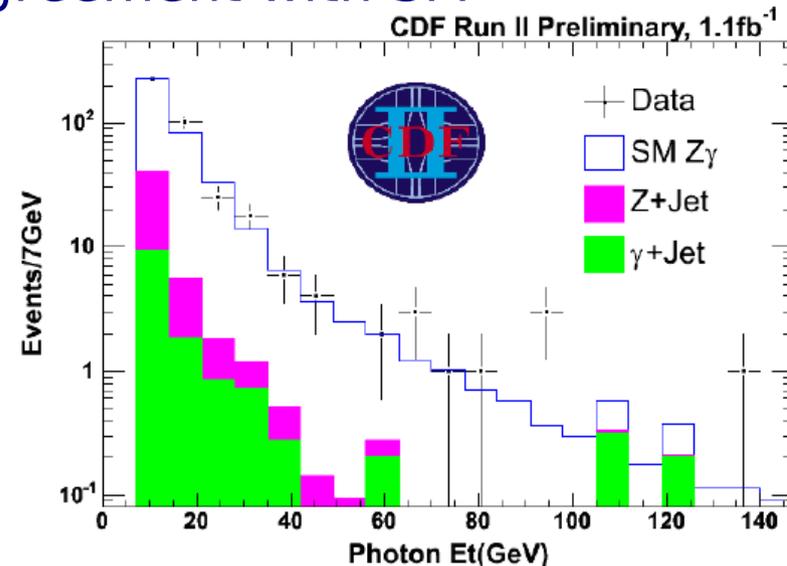
WW cross section:

CDF (0.8 fb^{-1}) $13.6 \pm 2.3(\text{stat}) \pm 1.6(\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$
 DØ (0.2 fb^{-1}): $14.6 \pm 5.1(\text{stat}) \pm 3.0(\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$
 SM: $12.4 \pm 0.8 \text{ pb}$

WZ observation:

CDF (1.1 fb^{-1}): $5.0^{+1.8}_{-1.4}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.4(\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$
 DØ (0.8 fb^{-1}): $4.0^{+1.9}_{-1.5}(\text{stat}+\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$
 SM: $3.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ pb} \rightarrow 6\sigma(\text{CDF}) \ 3.3\sigma(\text{DØ})$

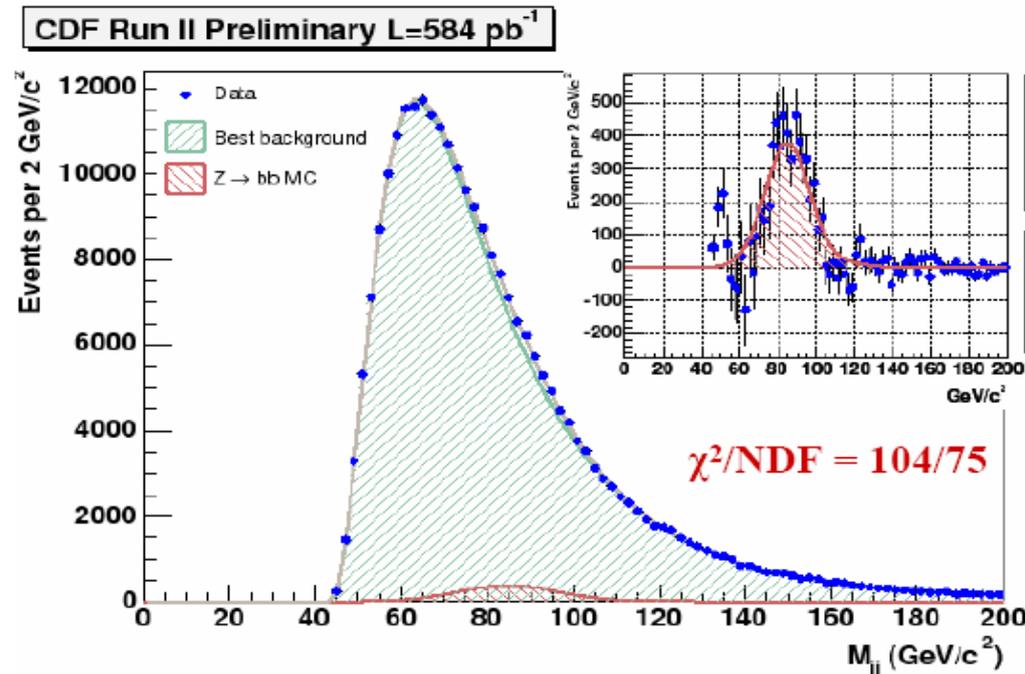
$W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ properties in good agreement with SM



More electroweak

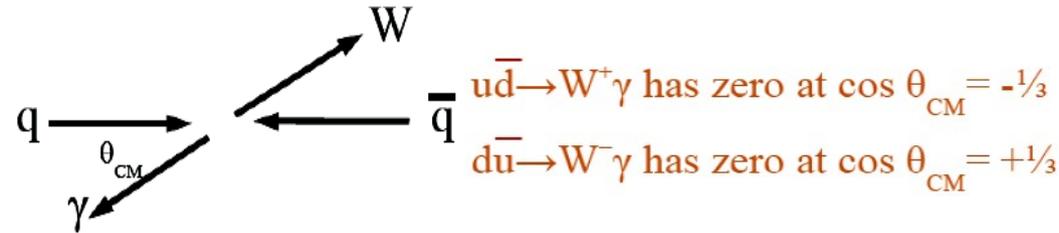
Z → bb sample

- ▶ Measure specific b-JES
 - Help top mass measurement
- ▶ Improve b-jet energy resolution
 - Help low Higgs mass searches
- ▶ Background from data + TRF
- ▶ Applicability of b-JES to other analyses under study

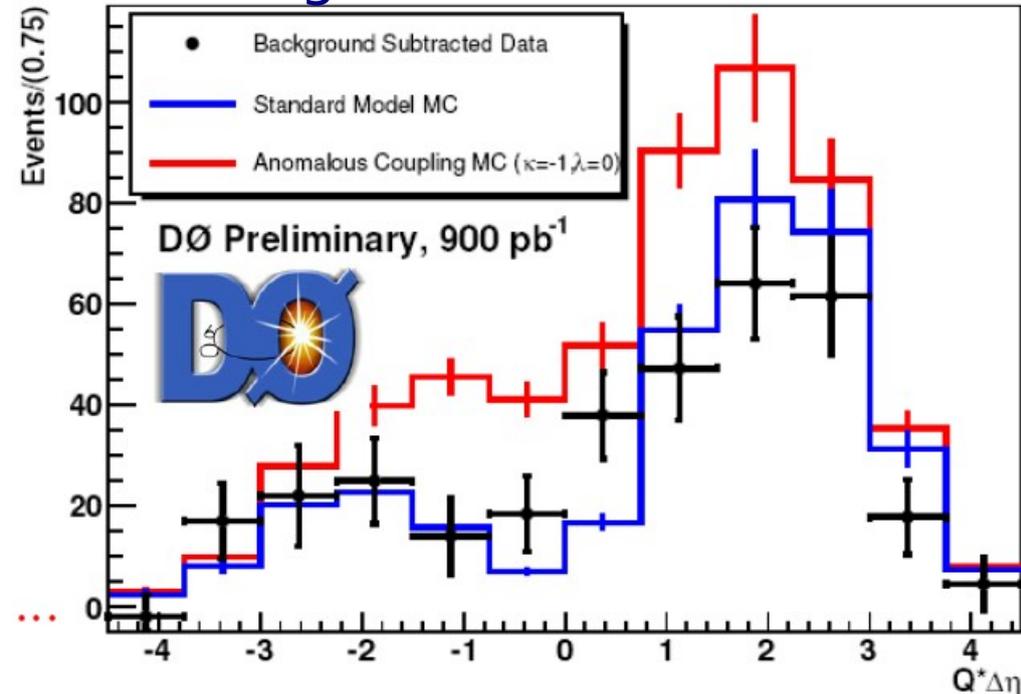


Arán García-Bellido

W γ amplitude zero



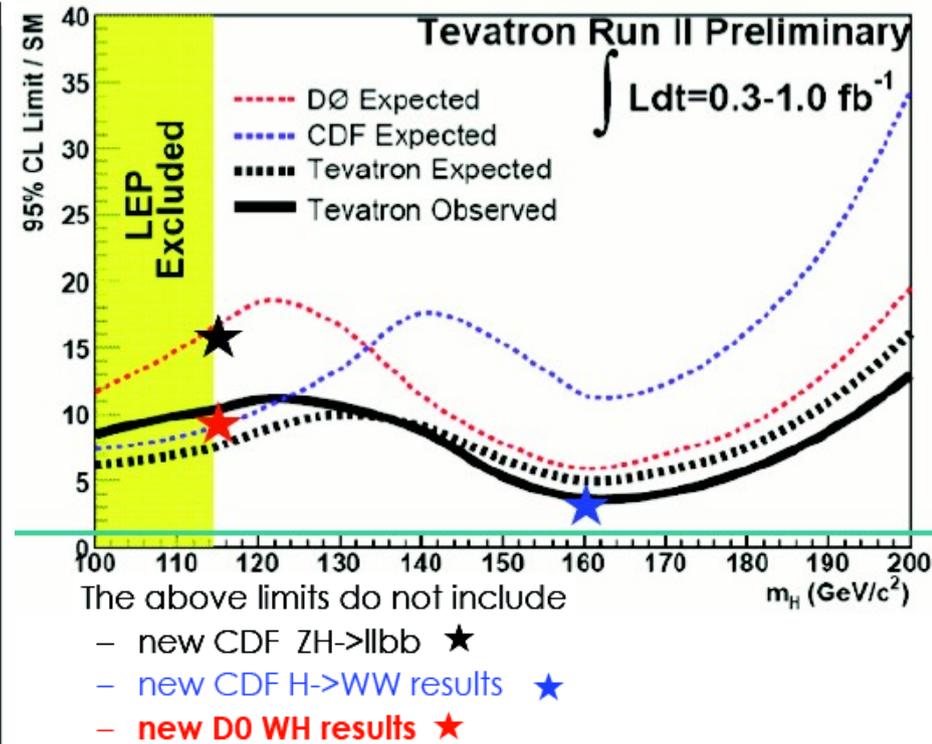
Measure $\Delta\eta$ between γ and ℓ
 Interferences between leading diagrams induce dip in $Q\Delta\eta$
 Good agreement with SM



Moriond EW summary

Higgs

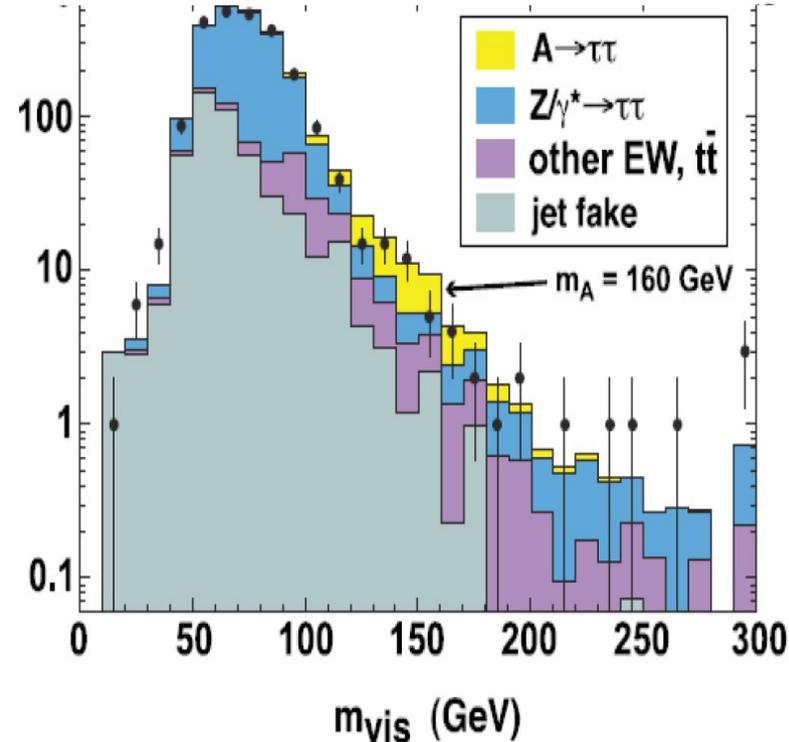
Analysis	CDF limit (1fb^{-1}) factor above SM observed (expected)	D0 limit (1fb^{-1}) factor above SM observed (expected)
ZH \rightarrow $\nu\nu$ bb @ 115 Technique: M_{jj}	16 (15)	40 (34)*
WH \rightarrow $l\nu$ bb @ 115 Technique: M_{jj} Technique: ME	26 (17)	★ 10 (9) ★ 13 (10)
ZH \rightarrow llbb @ 115 Technique: NN2D	★ 16 (16)	33 (34)
H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow $l\nu l\nu$ @ 160 Technique: $\Delta\Phi$ (l,l) Technique: ME	9 (6) ★ 3.5 (5)	4 (5)



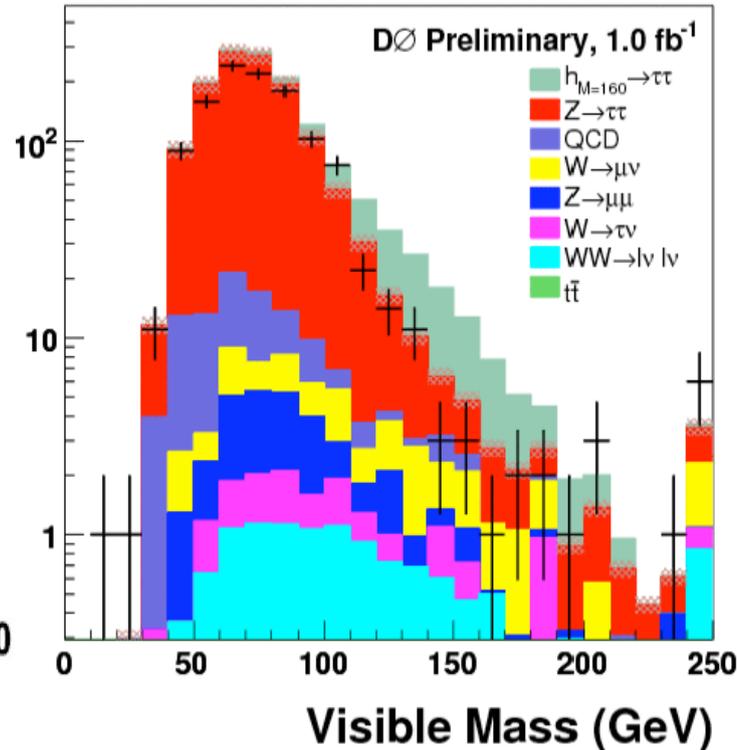
New results scaling much better than $1/\sqrt{L}$

MSSM Higgs $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$

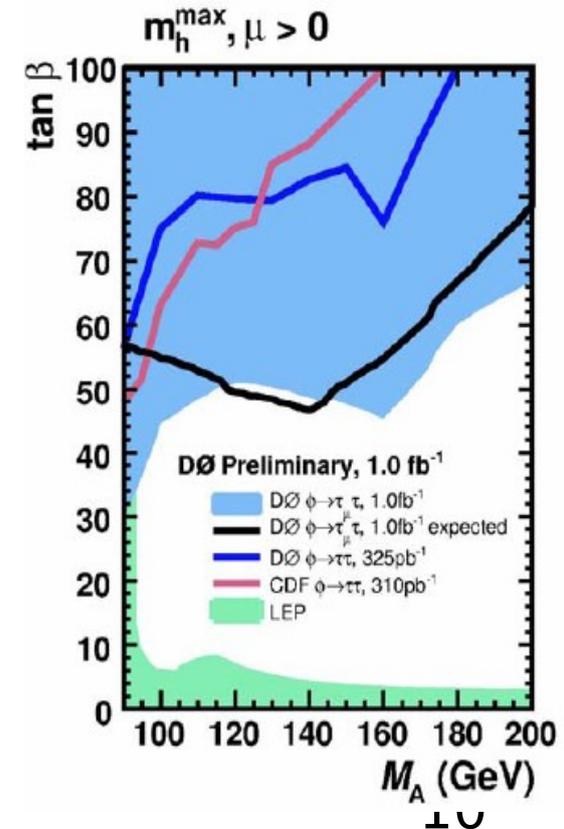
- ▶ CDF search in $(e,\mu)+\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $e+\mu$ channels
- ▶ $D\emptyset$ search in $\mu+\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel
- ▶ CDF see $<2\sigma$ excess in $m_\phi \sim 160\text{GeV}$ ($\sigma \times \text{BR} \sim 2\text{pb}$, $\tan\beta \sim 50$)
- ▶ $D\emptyset$ has deficit there
- ▶ CDF search in dilepton channel is not conclusive



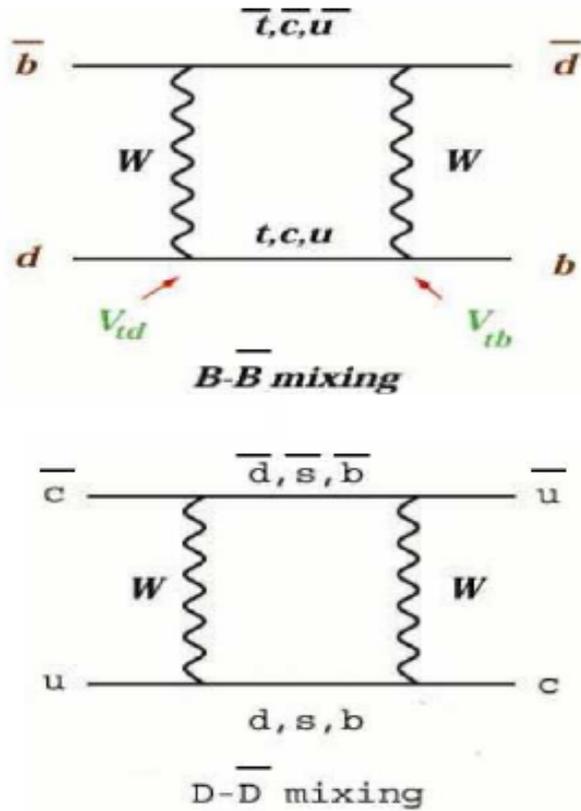
Arán García-Bellido



Moriond EW summary



Evidence for D-D mixing: Intro

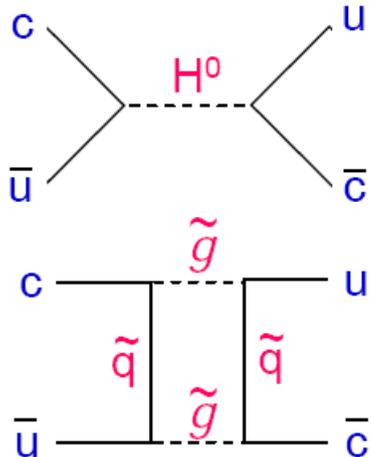


D mixing	B mixing
intermediate down-type quarks	intermediate up-type quarks
SM: <i>b</i> quark contribution is negligible due to V_{ub}	SM: <i>t</i> quark contribution is dominant
$\Delta M \sim [\text{SU}(3) \text{ breaking}]^2$ ΔM dominated by light <i>q</i> loops	$\Delta M \propto m_t^2$ and sizeable
sensitive to long distance QCD	described by local Lagrangian

small in SM: NP

large in SM

New physics:



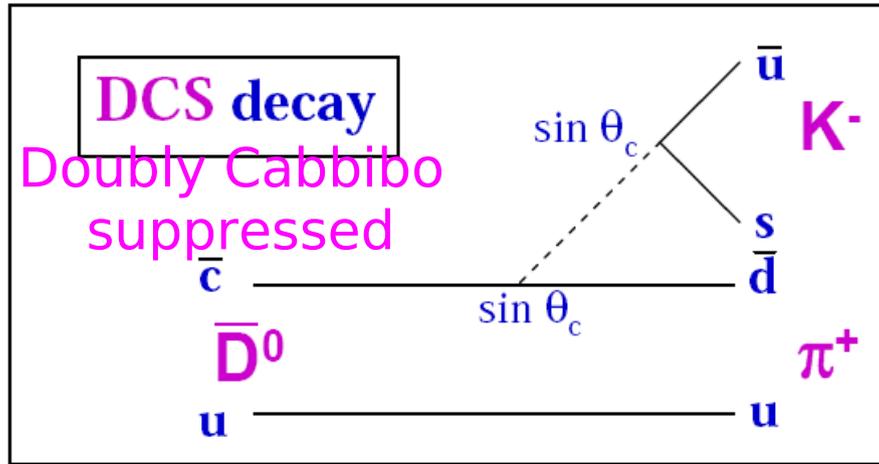
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \begin{pmatrix} D^0 \\ \bar{D}^0 \end{pmatrix} = -i \left(M - i \frac{\Gamma}{2} \right) \begin{pmatrix} D^0 \\ \bar{D}^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x \equiv \frac{\Delta M}{\Gamma} = \frac{M_2 - M_1}{\Gamma}, \quad y \equiv \frac{\Delta \Gamma}{2\Gamma} = \frac{\Gamma_2 - \Gamma_1}{\Gamma}$$

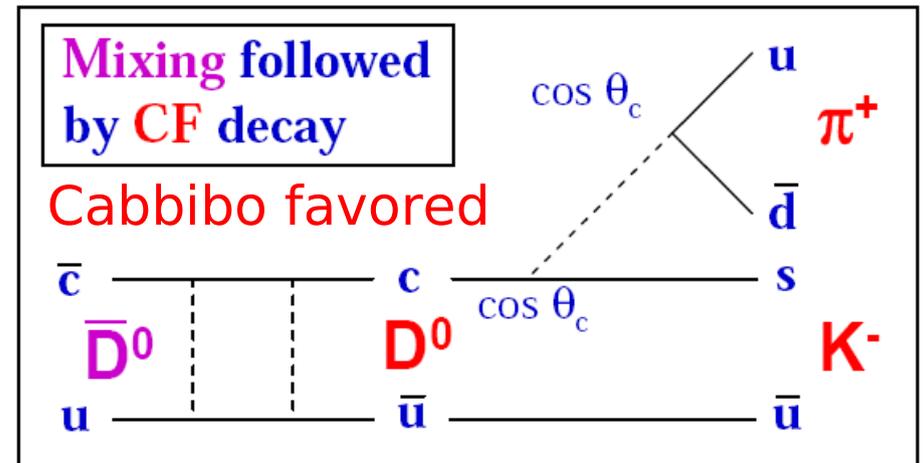
x and *y* are similar and small $\mathcal{O}(10^{-3})$ in the SM

Experimentally

- ▶ Select sample of $D^{*\pm} \rightarrow \pi^\pm_s D^0$. Use π^\pm_s to tag the event
- ▶ Right sign sample: $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ (+cc)
- ▶ Wrong sign sample: $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ (+cc) has DCS and mixing+CF



\bar{D}



- ▶ Right sign sample gives D^0 lifetime and resolution model
- ▶ Mixing is any deviation from this in the wrong sign sample

$$\Gamma(D^0(t) \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-) \propto e^{-\Gamma t} \left[R_D + \sqrt{R_D} y' (\Gamma t) + \frac{x'^2 + y'^2}{4} (\Gamma t)^2 \right] \quad R_D \sim \tan^4 \theta_c \sim 0.3\% \text{ (DCS/CF rate)}$$

$$x' = x \cos \delta + y \sin \delta, \quad y' = -x \sin \delta + y \cos \delta$$

δ strong phase between DCS and CF amplitudes
 → Measure x'^2 and y'

Results: evidence for mixing

$$R_D: (3.03 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$x'^2: (-0.22 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$y': (9.7 \pm 4.4 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-3}$$

1. $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ unbinned fit to time distrib.

$$R_D = (0.364 \pm 0.017)\%$$

$$x'^2 = (0.18_{-0.23}^{+0.21}) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$y' = (0.6_{-3.9}^{+4.0}) \times 10^{-3}$$



2. Dalitz analysis of $D^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$x = 0.80 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.17 \%$$

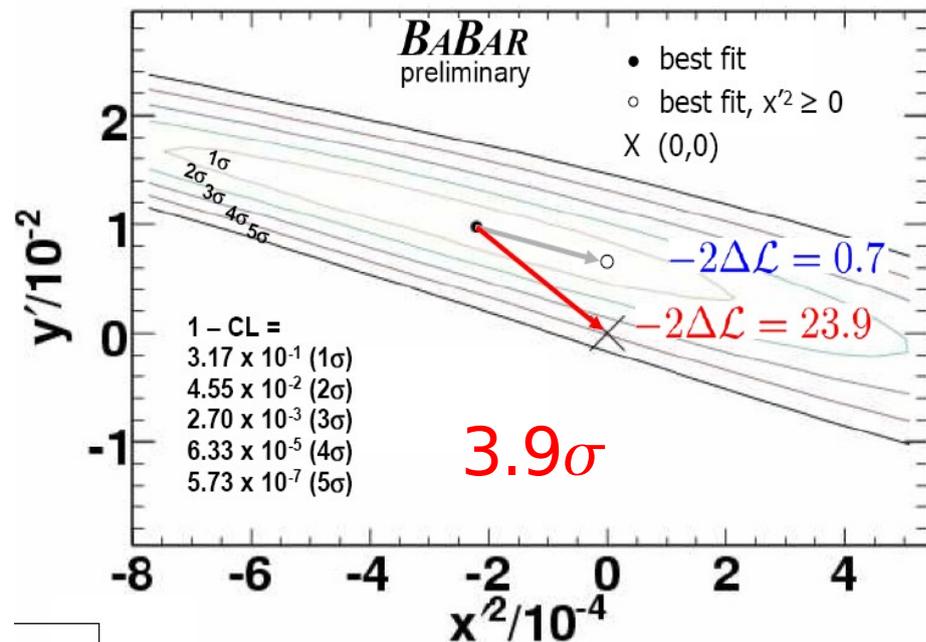
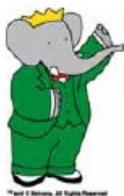
$$y = 0.33 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.15 \%$$

excludes
no mixing
@ 95% CL

3. Lifetime diff. $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ and $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$

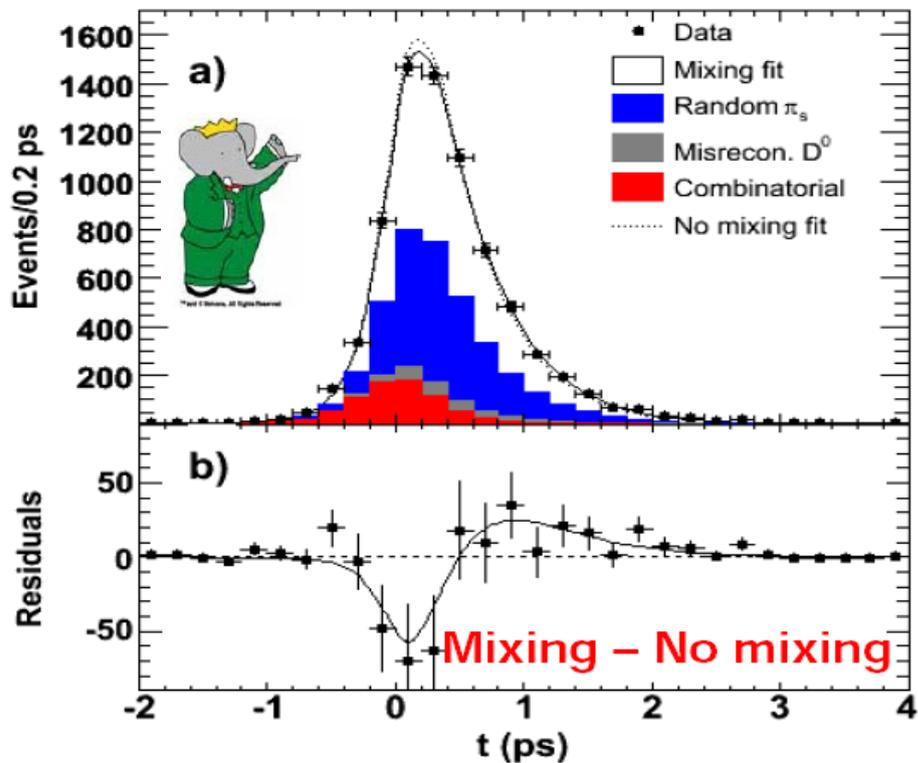
$$y_{CP} = 1.31 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.25 \% \quad 3.2\sigma$$

$y_{CP} = y$ in CP conservation limit

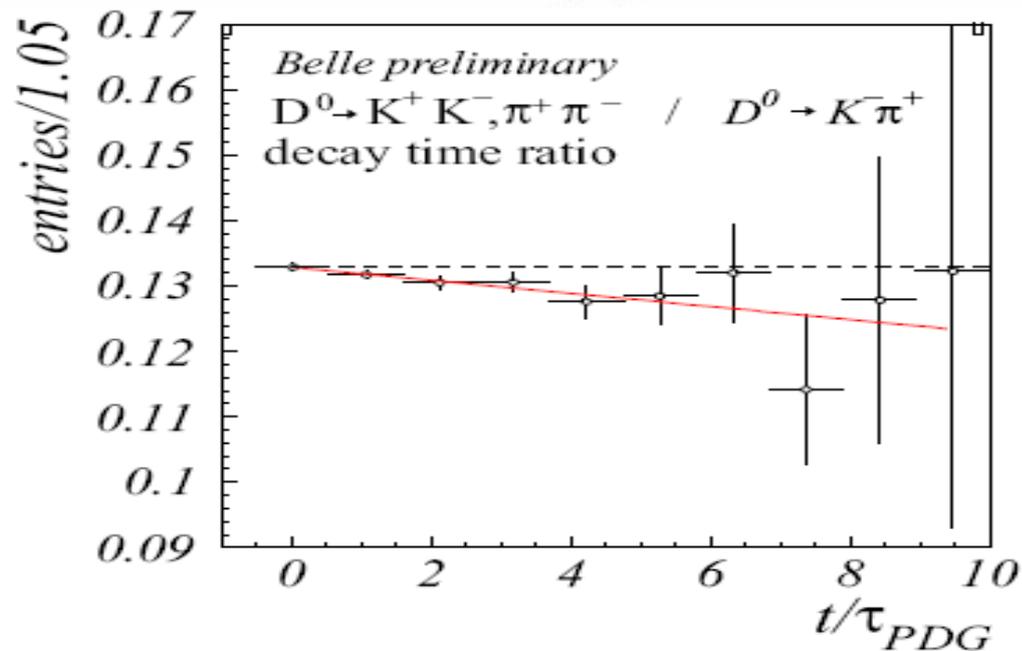
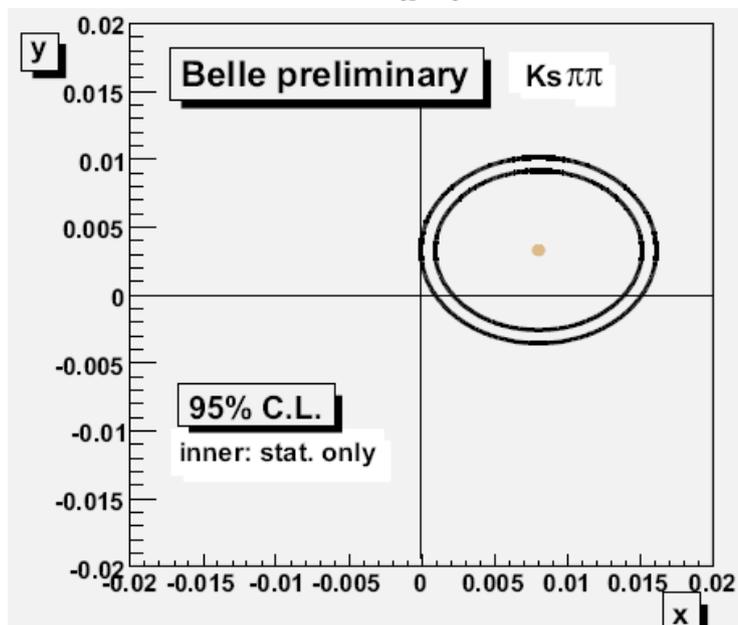
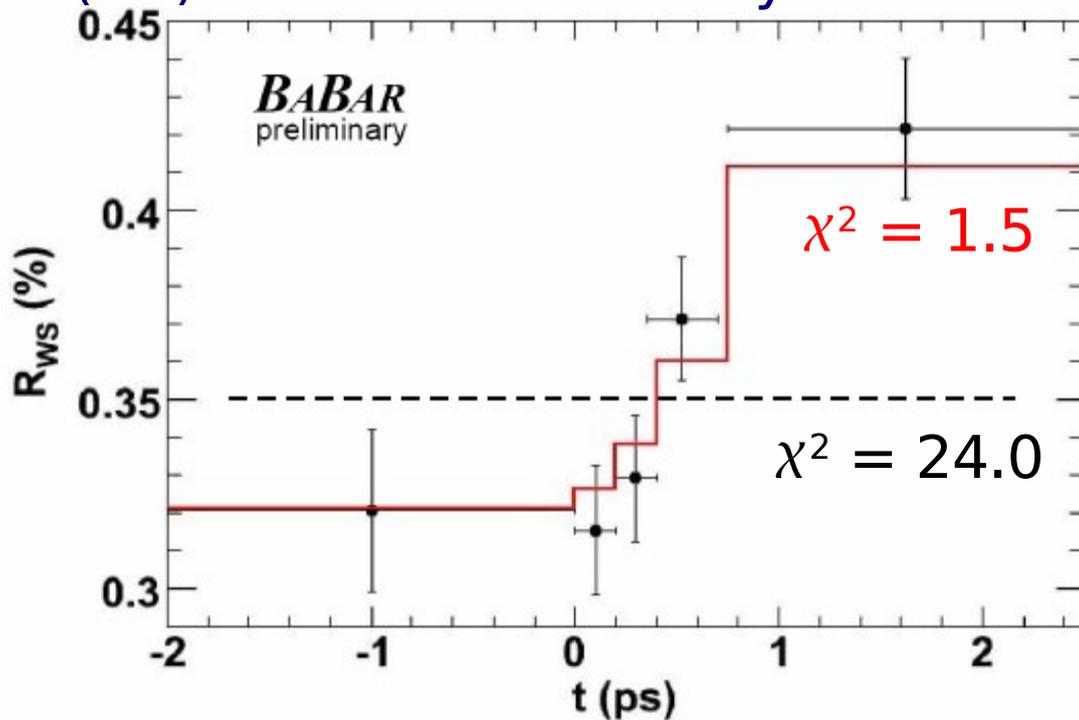


- ▶ No hint of new physics in D mixing: $x \sim y$
- ▶ No indication of CP violation yet
- ▶ D is too light to be treated as heavy and too heavy to be treated as light: so new theory predictions are not expected soon
- ▶ Test of non-perturbative QCD

Consistency



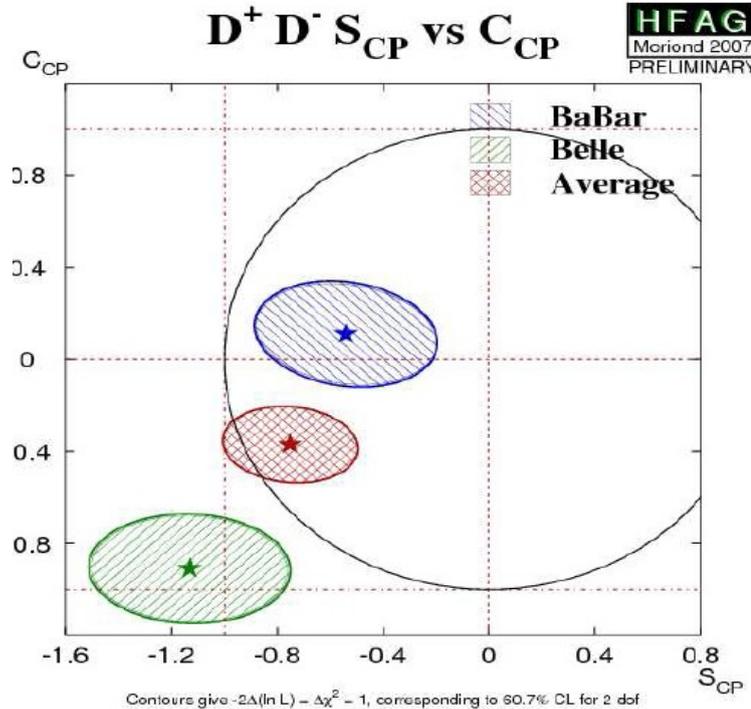
$M(K\pi)$ vs ΔM fit in 5 decay time bins:



CKM angles of CP violation

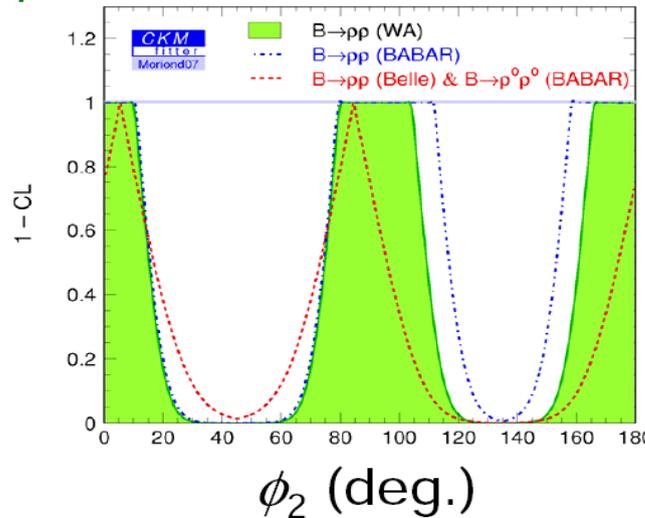
▶ β (ϕ_1) BaBar + Belle

- $\sin 2\beta = 0.678 \pm 0.026$ from $J/\psi K_s$
- Belle CPV in $B \rightarrow D^+ D^-$ at 4σ (not confirmed by BaBar)
- $\cos 2\beta > 0$ from different approaches
First measurement! Standard solution favored
 $\beta = (21.3 \pm 1.0)^\circ$
- Hints of difference between penguin modes and charmless (cc)K decays persist



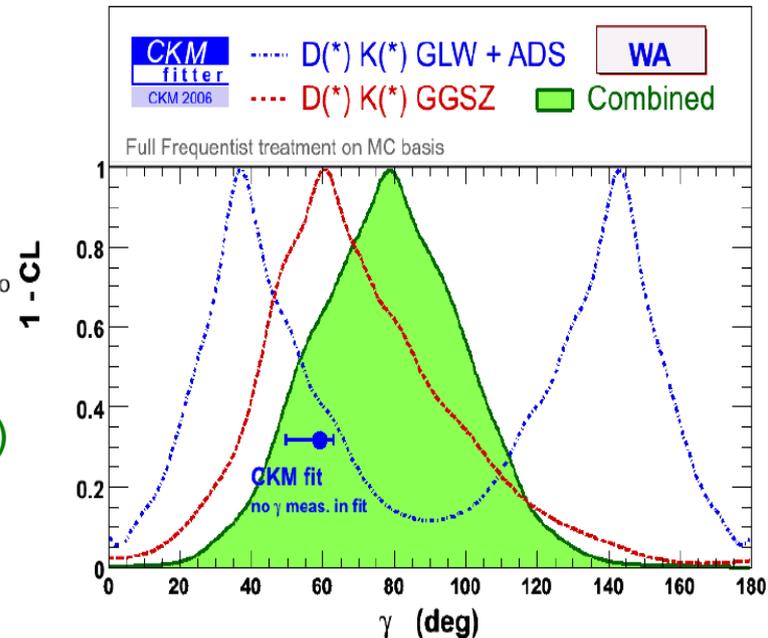
▶ α (ϕ_2) BaBar + Belle

- $B \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\rho, \rho^+\pi^-, a_1^+\pi^-$
- $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0\pi^0$ Dalitz
- $\alpha = (93.5^{+10.8}_{-9.6})^\circ$



▶ γ (ϕ_3) BaBar + Belle

- $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm, D^*K^\pm, DK^{*\pm}$: $\gamma = 53 \pm 18(\text{stat}) \pm 3(\text{sys}) \pm 9(\text{model})$
- $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm, D^*K^\pm$: $\gamma = 92 \pm 41(\text{stat}) \pm 11(\text{sys}) \pm 12(\text{model})$
- $\gamma = (77 \pm 31)^\circ$



CKM sides

- ▶ V_{ub} from BF($B \rightarrow X_u \ell \nu$) in excl. decays (8%expt,15%theory) and incl. decays (15%, 5%)
- ▶ V_{cb} measured with 2% accuracy from fit of ℓ moments in $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$

$$V_{ub} = (4.1 \pm 0.5) 10^{-3}$$

$$V_{cb} = (41.5 \pm 0.5) 10^{-3}$$

$$V_{tb} > 0.68 @ 95\%CL$$

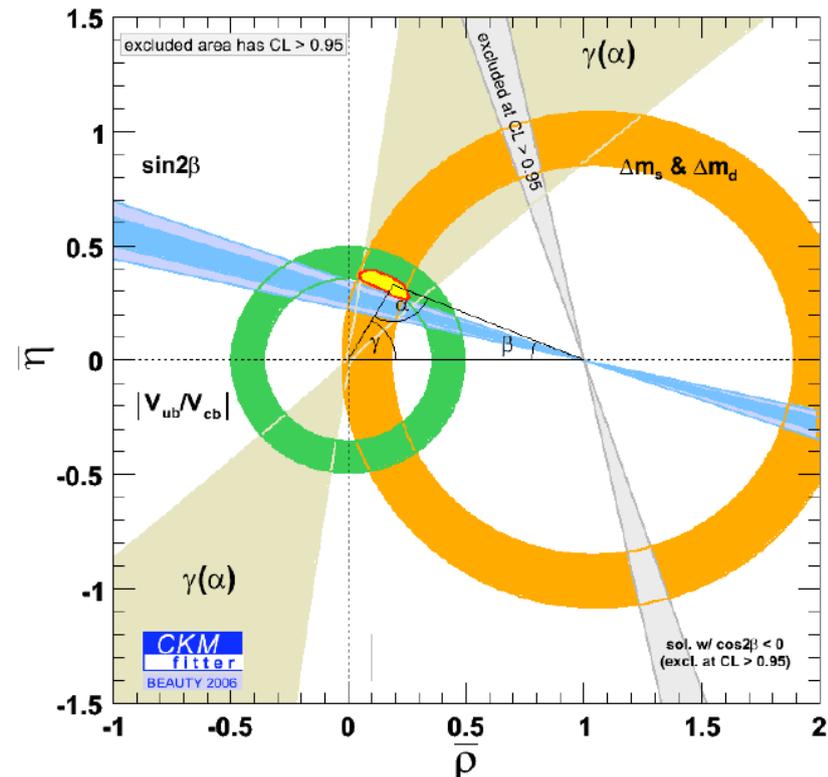
- ▶ Belle&Babar V_{td}/V_{ts} in BF($B \rightarrow \rho/\omega \gamma$)/BF($B \rightarrow K^* \gamma$) agrees with CDF value from B_s mixing

$$\left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right|_{\rho/\omega\gamma} = 0.202 \underbrace{^{+0.017}_{-0.016}}_{8.2\%} \pm \underbrace{0.015}_{7.4\%}$$

$$\left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right|_{\Delta m_d/\Delta m_s} = 0.2060 \pm 0.0007 \underbrace{^{+0.0081}_{-0.0060}}$$

- ▶ Overall consistency (M. Neubert)

- $\sin 2\beta$ from $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_s \sim 0.68 \pm 0.03$
- $\sin 2\beta$ from penguins $B \rightarrow \Phi K_s \sim 0.50 \pm 0.06$
- **2.6 σ deviation**
- $\sin 2\beta$ from V_{ub} and V_{td} **discrepancy at 2.9 σ**
- Need for low energy experiments (B, K, g-2, ν , EDM) to complement the high energy frontier



Neutrinos

▶ HARP ($p_{\text{beam}} \sim 1.5\text{-}15 \text{ GeV}$) and MIPP ($p_{\text{beam}} \sim 120 \text{ GeV}$, $p_{\text{sec. beam}} \sim 5\text{-}85 \text{ GeV}$)

- Neutrino fluxes for K2K, MiniBooNE, hadron production for NuMI-Minos
- π/K yields for targets in ν factories and Super-beams
- HARP results in use (K2K, MiniBooNe), MIPP results will appear in the summer

▶ K2K: 4.3σ evidence

- Final results: 112 obs. events
- 158 ± 9 exp. w/o oscillations

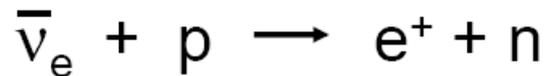
▶ T2K: first beam in Apr'09

- Off axis scheme 295km: search for $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$

▶ SuperK: running since last summer

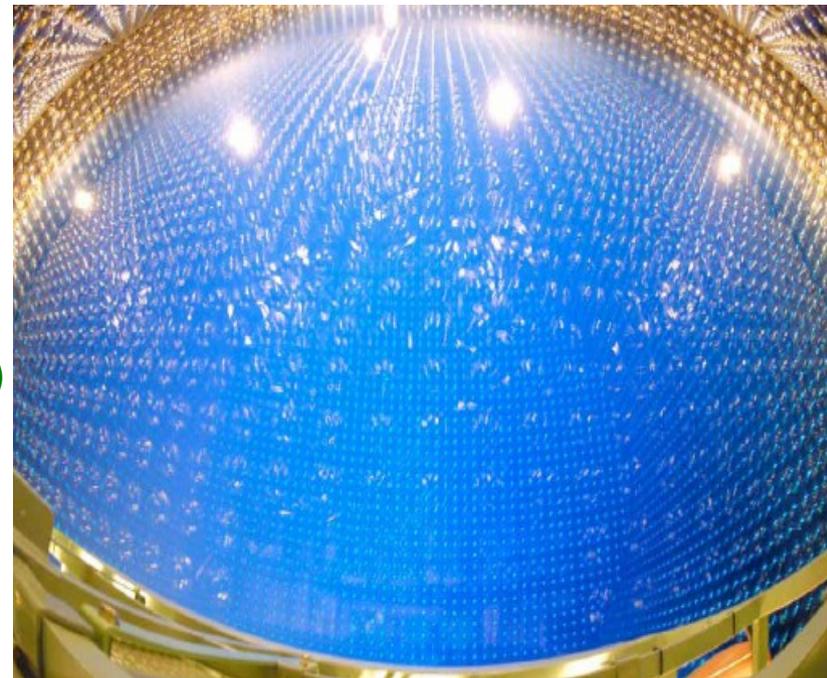
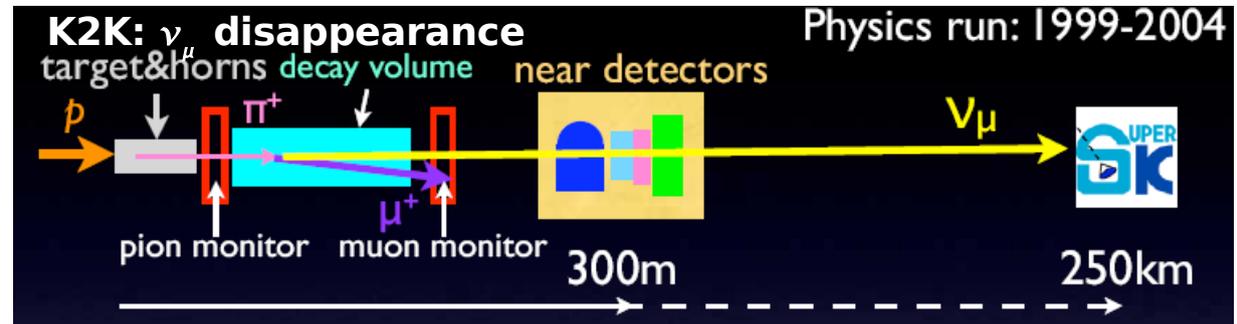
▶ SuperK \rightarrow Gadzooks!

- Proposal to add 100 tons of gadolinium (GdCl_3)



- 5k evt/y from reactors \rightarrow x10 better Δm_{12}^2

- Discover diffuse SN ν background $\sim 5 \text{ evt/y}$

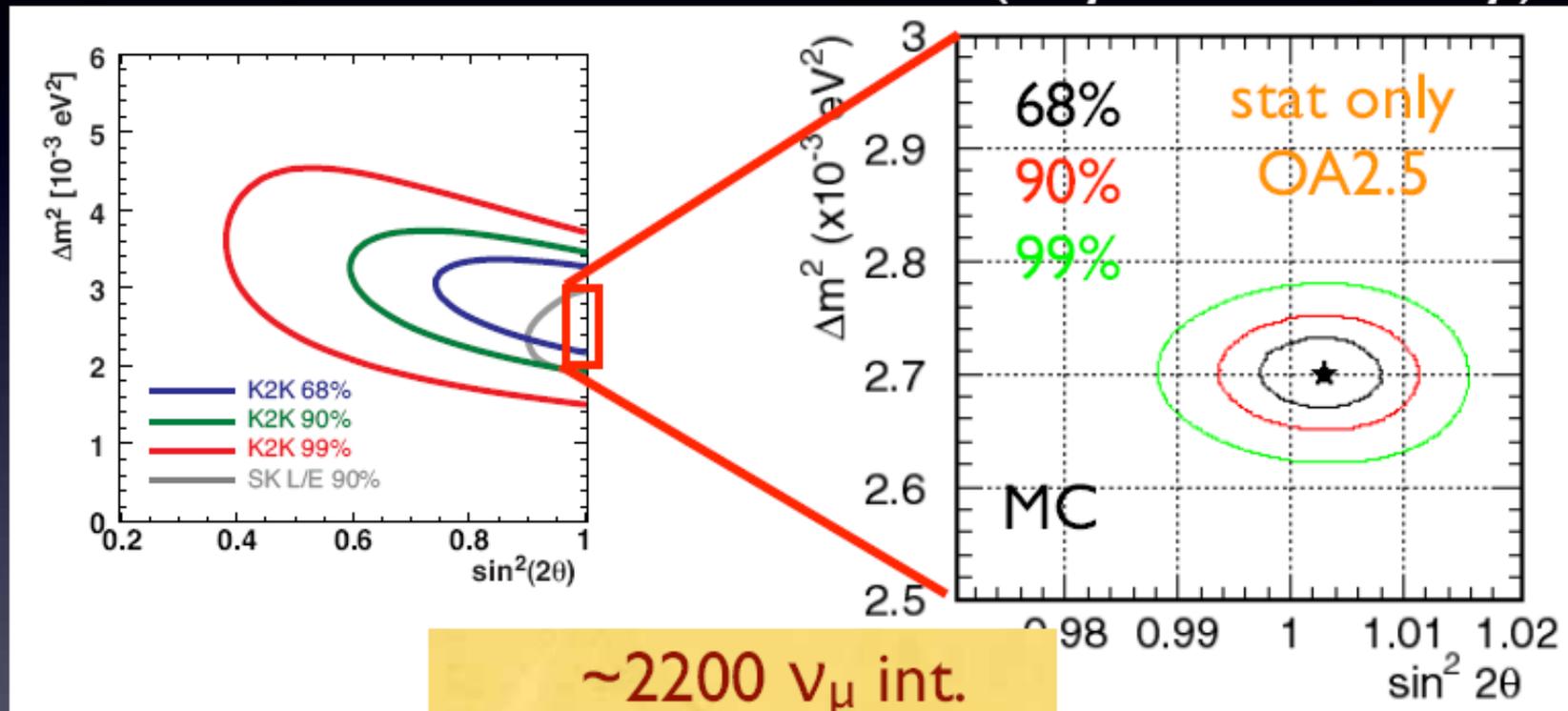


K2K → T2K

Precise measurement of $\Delta m^2_{23}/\theta_{23}$

K2K/Super-K

T2K 5×10^{21} POT
(~5yr full intensity)



~2200 ν_μ int.
~1600 ν_μ CC
per year,
~0.4% ν_e @ peak

$\delta(\sin^2 2\theta_{13}) \sim 0.01$
 $\delta(\Delta m^2_{23}) < 10^{-4} \text{ eV}^2$

Latest results from K2K and S

22/24

More accelerator neutrinos

- ▶ NUMI-MINOS: test $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ osc. in 735km flight from near/far detectors
- Results from 1st year: $1.27 \cdot 10^{20}$ pot
- Exclude no-disappearance at 6.2σ (rate only)
- Consistent with other experiments

$$|\Delta m_{32}^2| = 2.74^{+0.44}_{-0.26} \text{ (stat.+syst.)} \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$

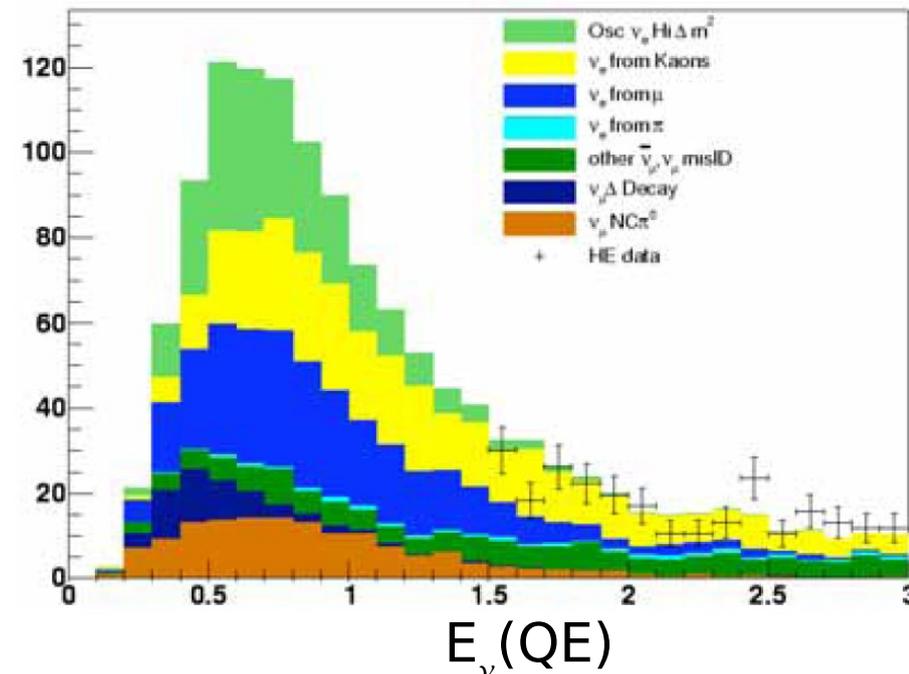
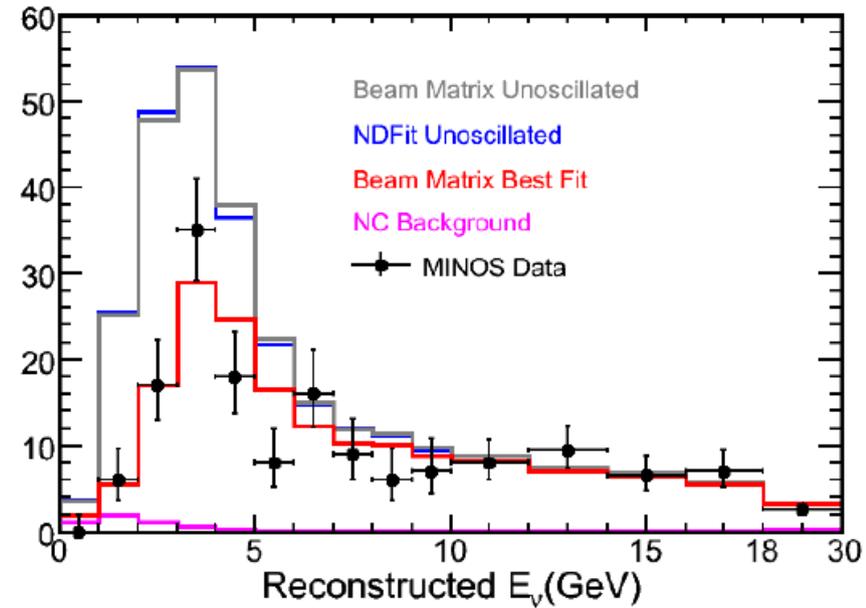
$$\sin^2 2\theta_{23} = 1.00_{-0.13} \text{ (stat.+syst.)}$$

- ▶ CNGS-Opera

- Beam commissioned to nominal p/spill in 2006 $\rightarrow 10^{19}$ pot by end of 2007?
- First beam- ν events recorded in Opera!
- 1k emulsion bricks installed $\rightarrow 100\text{k}$ fall '07

- ▶ MiniBooNE: confirm/refute LSND

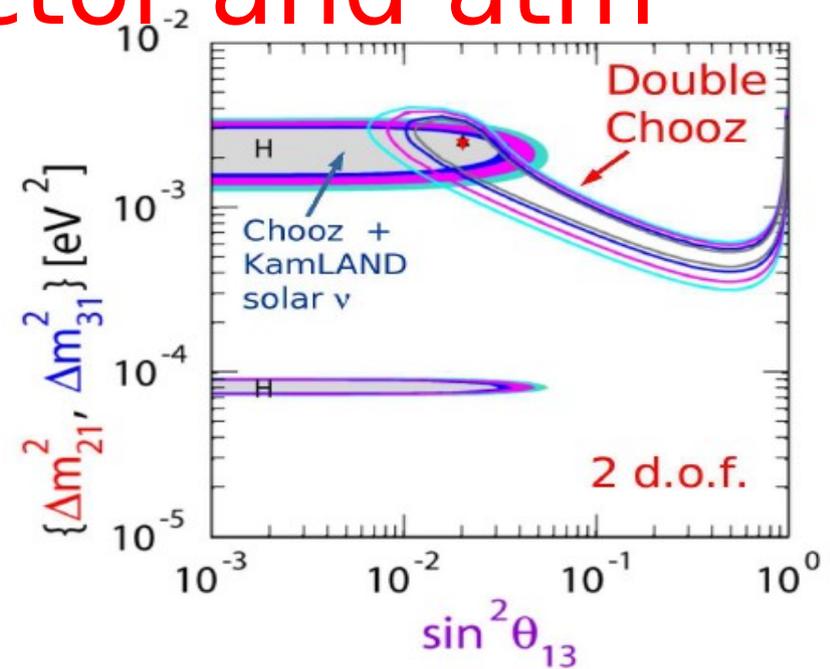
- $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ osc. with similar L/E to LSND
- Timing and ℓ ID are crucial in evt. reco.
- Blind analysis of ν_e appearance
- Several difficult backgrounds
- No results yet! Stay tuned



Neutrinos from reactor and atm

Reactor neutrinos

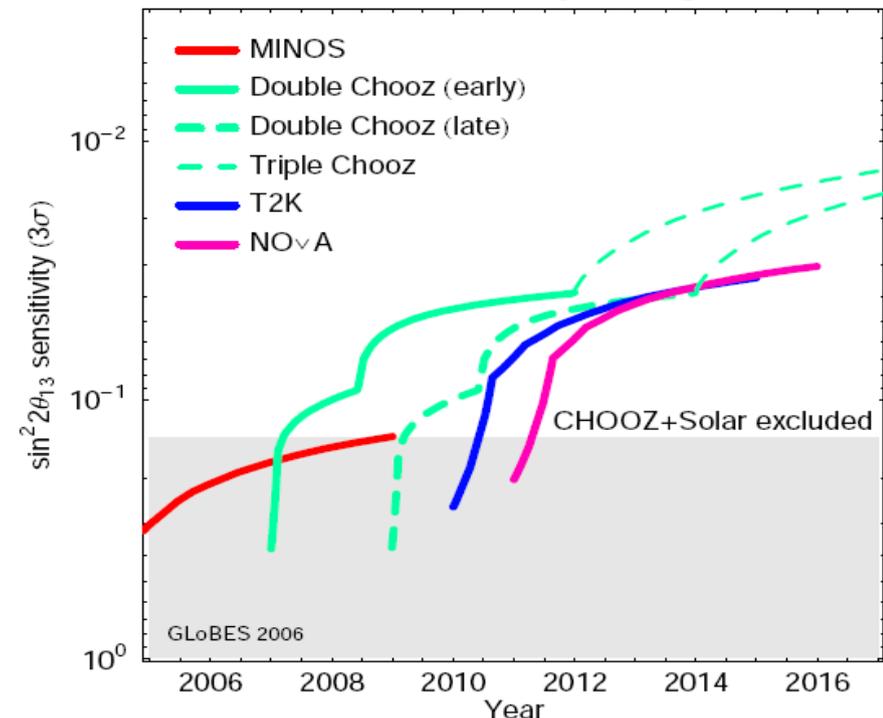
- ▶ Sensitive to θ_{13} and complementary to beams: no CP or matter effects
- ▶ Inverse β reaction: $\nu + p \rightarrow n[\text{delay}] + e^+[\text{prompt}]$
- ▶ Double CHOOZ (end 2007): near and far (1km) detectors to cancel flux systematics
 - Gd detectors (n-Gd capture $\sim 30\mu\text{s}$)
 - Reach of $\sin^2\theta_{13}$ to 0.02 in 3y



$\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$ sensitivity (no signal)

Atmospheric

- ▶ Reactor and beam data gives no info on:
 - Mass hierarchy (sign of Δm_{31}^2)
 - "Octant" from 2 sols. of θ_{23} (sign of $\theta_{23} - \pi/4$)
 - CP phase
- ▶ Future exps. on atm. ν will provide complementary information to man-made ν



Neutrinoless Double β decay

Determine Majorana nature of ν

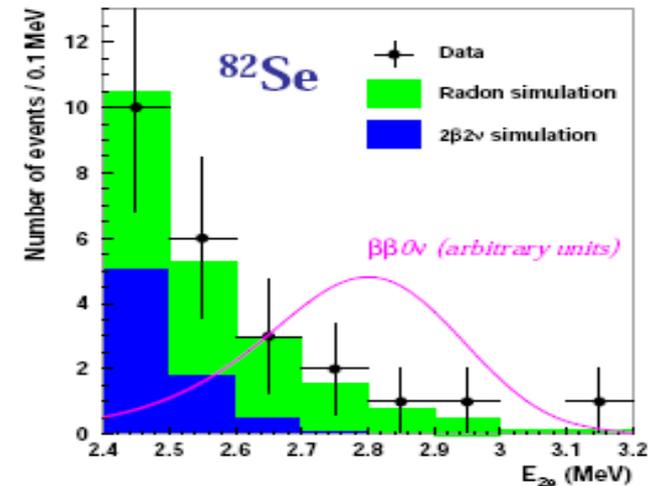
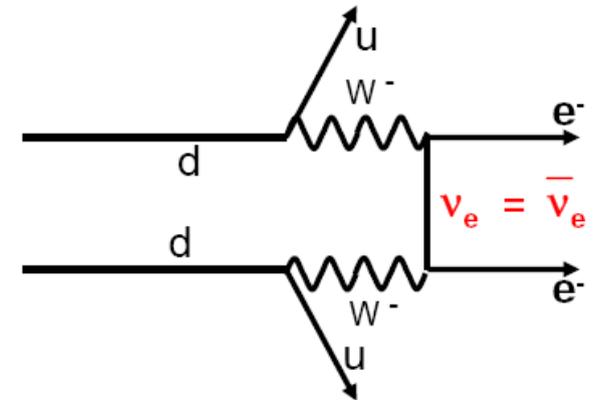
- Nuclear matrix elements calculations disagree
- Shell model vs QRPA now closer (x2 difference)
- More theoretical efforts needed

Experimental results

- Need different isotopes (experiments)
- Heidelberg-Moscow (^{76}Ge , 10kg, 71.7 kg year): debated evidence at 4σ
- Nemo3 (10kg + tracking):
 $T_{1/2}(^{100}\text{Mo}) > 4.6 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ y} \Rightarrow m_\nu < 0.66\text{-}2.81\text{eV}$
- Cuoricino (TeO_2 bolometers, 10kg)
 $T_{1/2}(^{130}\text{Te}) > 2.4 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ y} \Rightarrow m_\nu < 0.18\text{-}0.94\text{eV}$

Future experiments

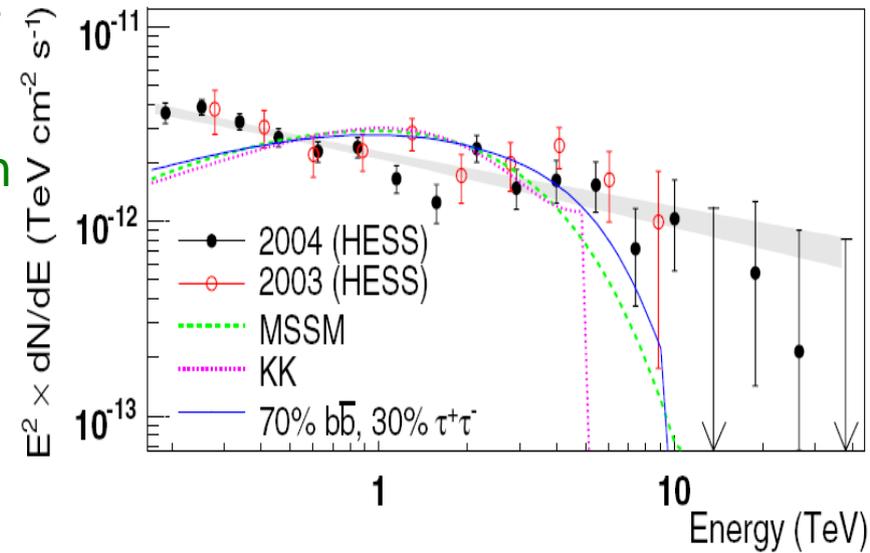
- Gerda (^{76}Ge) end of 2008, Cuore (TeO_2) aim for 1 ton year
- Reach inverted hierarchy mass 0.01-0.1eV



High Energy astronomy

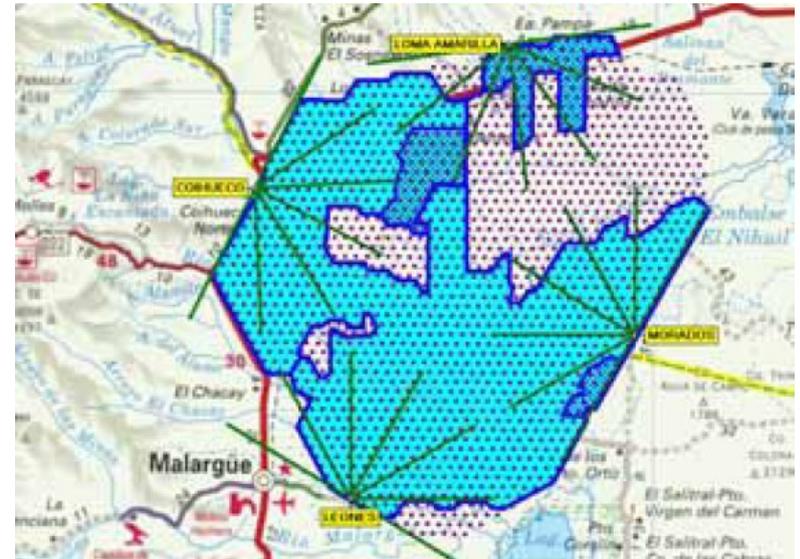
Photons: γ ray Cherenkov telescopes

- ▶ Magic: One 17m mirror telescope
 - ~15 extragalactic VHE γ sources (4 new) from blazars and 1 radio galaxy
 - 13 GRB discovered (GRB alert: 40s positioning)
 - 2nd telescope first light this year
- ▶ HESS: Four 13m-telescopes (107m²)
 - ~30 new VHE sources
 - Phasell: 30m telescope (2008+)
- ▶ Future: CTA
 - x10 sensitivity of MagicII/HESSII



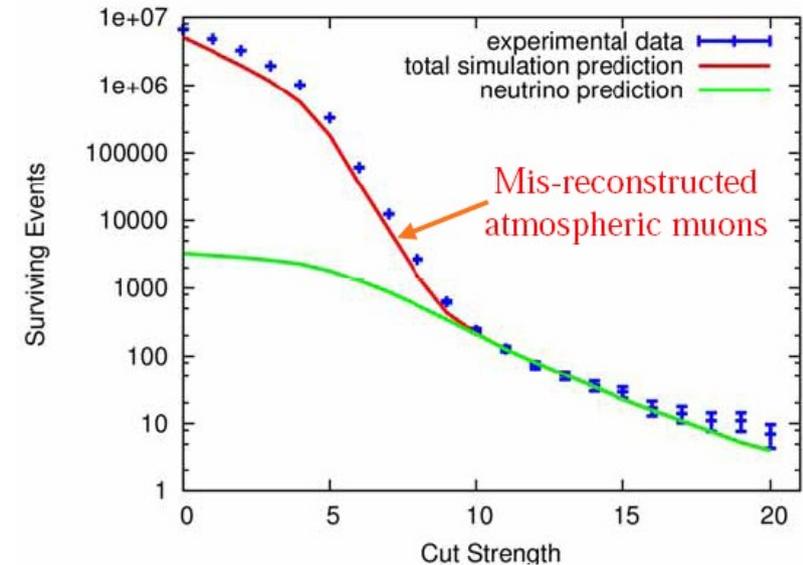
Auger: Ultra High Energy cosmic rays

- 1600 tanks (1000 active) cover 3000km²
- 4 Fluorescent detectors
- Cosmic ray spectrum at GZK cutoff: not yet!
- New limits on anisotropy (no confirmation of galactic center signals in AGASA/SUGAR)
- Sensitive to grazing ν_τ showers!

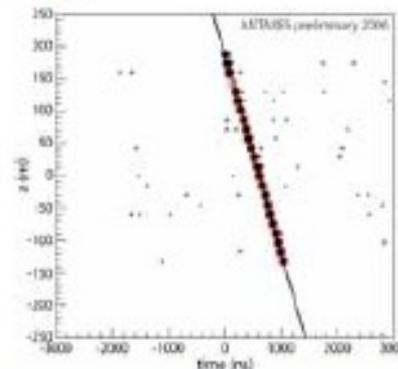


High energy astronomy: neutrinos

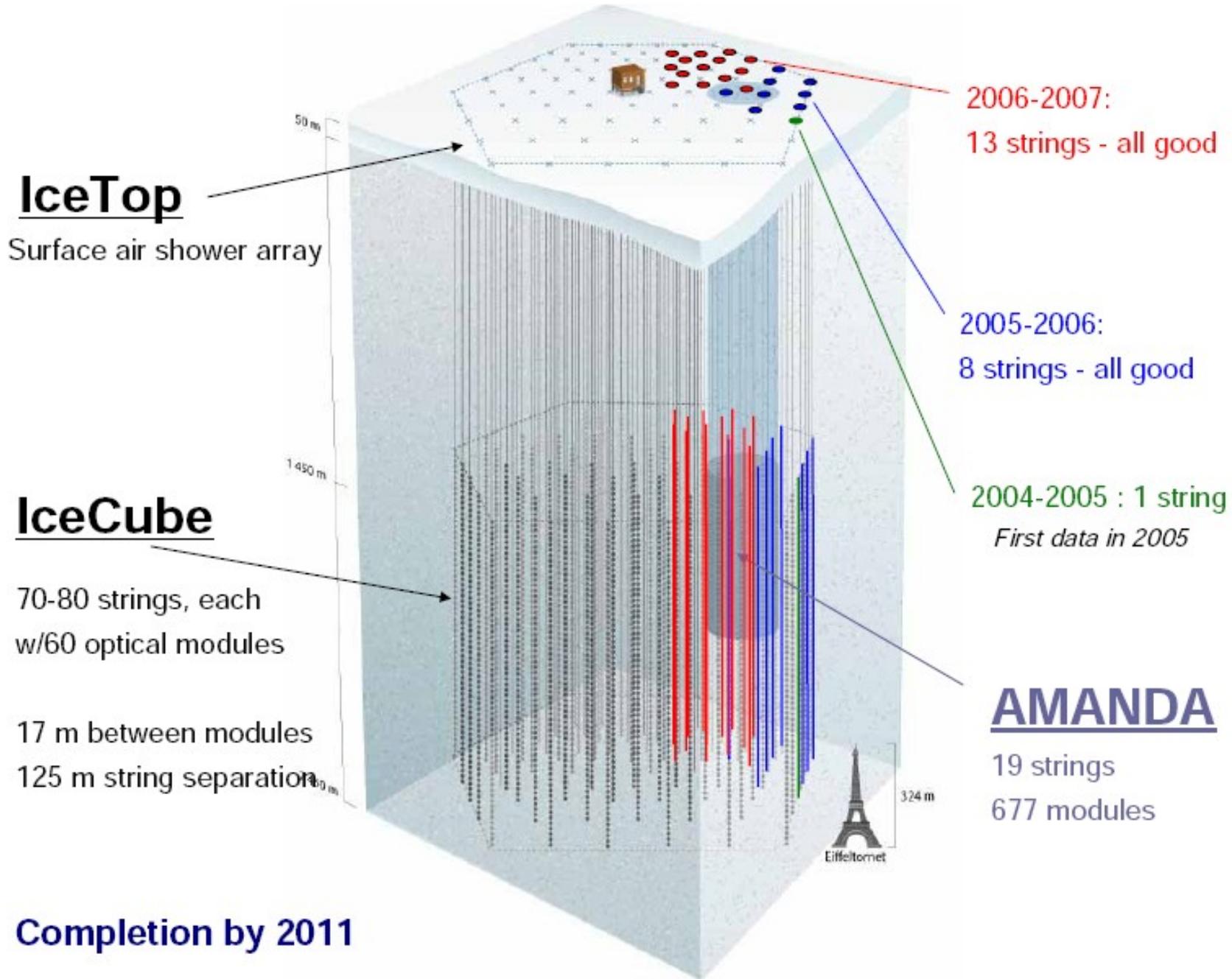
- **Amanda/Icecube (*B Fox*) [Ice, South pole]**
 - Amanda operational since 2000 (19 lines)
 - no point source found
 - limit on diffuse flux
 - Ice Cube progress
 - 22 strings deployed (complete 70 in 2011)
 - upward-going neutrinos clearly seen



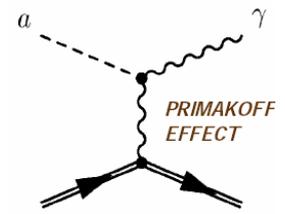
- **Antares (*J Brunner*) [Mediterranean sea]**
 - 5 lines deployed (complete 12 in 2008)
 - Downgoing tracks=> resolution
 - A few up-going neutrinos seen



Amanda/IceCube

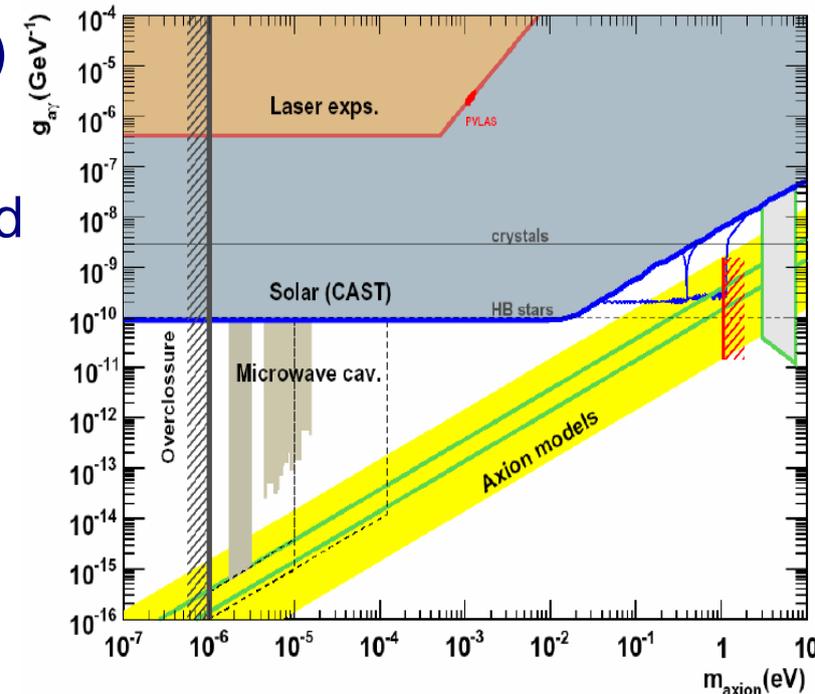


Dark Matter searches



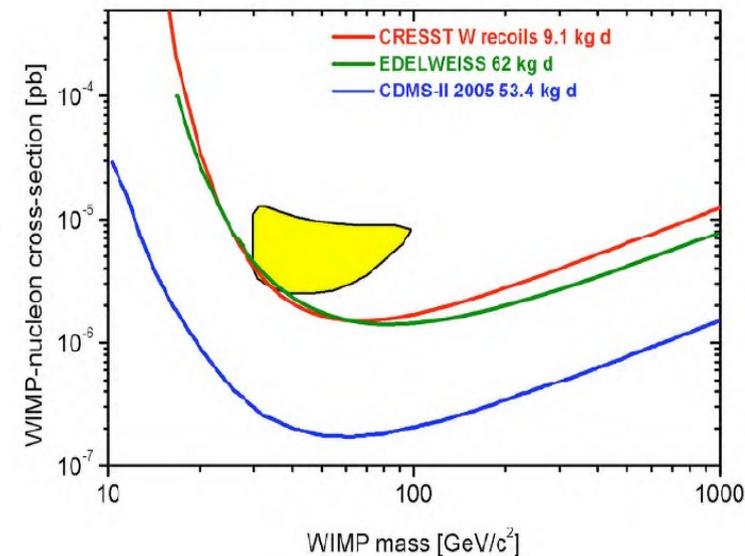
Axions (very light neutral pseudoscalar)

- ▶ CAST axion-helioscope (LHC test magnet)
 - 200h in Phase I improves x7 previous limits
- ▶ PVLAS: rotation of light polarization in B-field
 - Observed signal not compatible with SM
 - Confirmation by “light thru wall” experiment?
- ▶ ADMX: tunable resonant cavity
 - Search very low mass axions



WIMPs: elastic NC scattering by nuclei

- ▶ New liquid noble gas detectors: revolution!
- ▶ Field will soon be dominated by liquid exps!
- ▶ WARP: Liquid Ar ionization+scintillation
- ▶ CDMS limits are still the best, though



Precision measurements

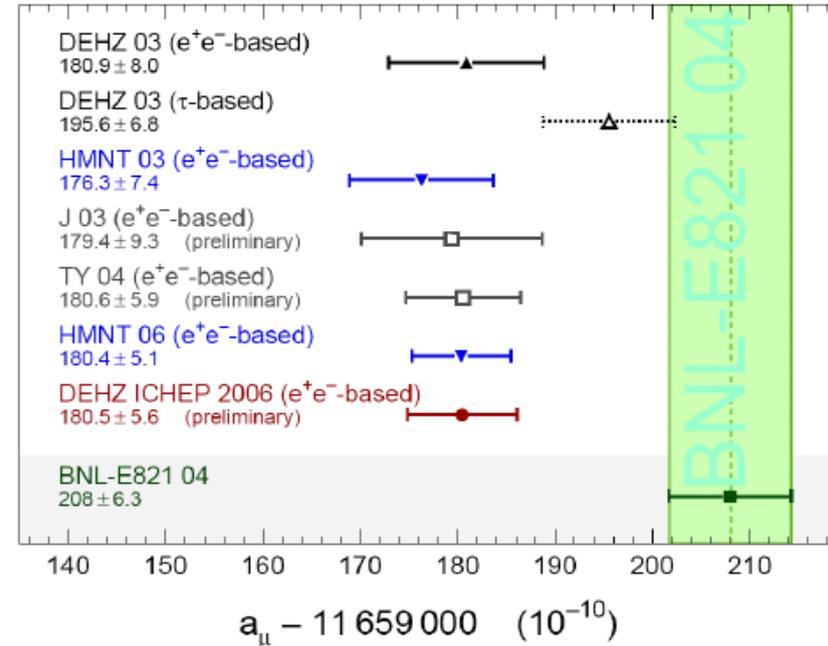
Muon lifetime and g-2

▶ MuLan new result:

$$\tau_\mu = 2.197013(24) \mu\text{s} \quad 11\text{ppm} \rightarrow G_F \text{ to } 5\text{ppm}$$

▶ BNL g-2: $a_\mu (\text{Expt.}) = 11659208.0(6.3) \times 10^{-10}$

- Need to measure cyclotron and spin precessions and the magnetic field $\omega_a = \frac{q}{m} a_\mu B$
- Achieves 0.54ppm (theory 0.48ppm)
- Strongest experimental evidence of BSM: 3.4σ
- Although a τ based prediction agrees at 1σ



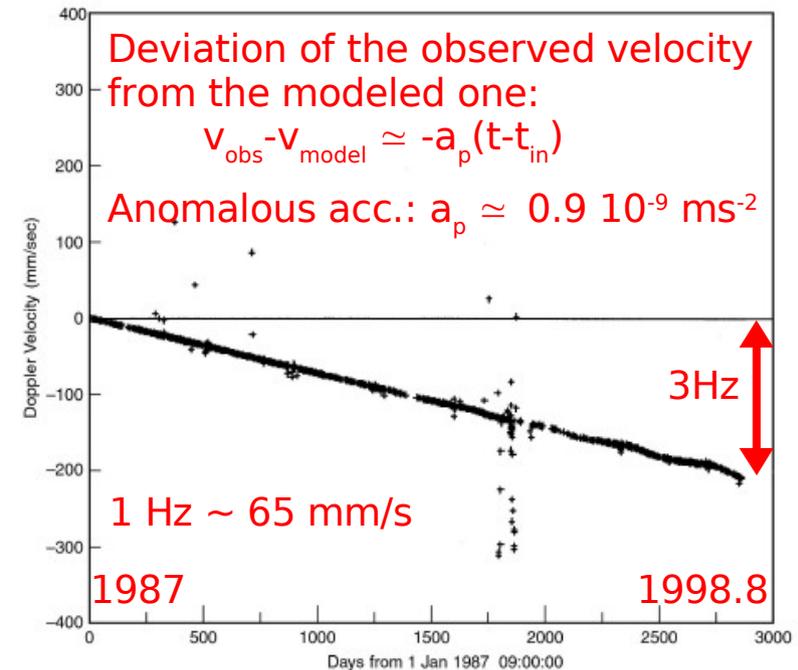
Gravity from 50μ to 50 AU

▶ Short distance (Eöt-Wash): Yukawa interaction with gravitational strength has range $\lambda < 56\mu\text{m}$

▶ Mid distance (Doppler velocimetry on Cassini, from Jupiter to Saturn): GR accurate to 10^{-5}

▶ Very long distance: Pioneer anomaly unexplained

- Constant small anomalous acceleration towards the Sun (blue-shift) in two probes: P10 and P11
- On-board hardware systematics, external effects, all ruled out as possible explanations



Conclusions

- ▶ Excellent atmosphere for discussions and interactions
- ▶ Some very good talks (from young people, and from nuclear physicists!)
- ▶ Still some difficulty for theorists to understand experimental talks and viceversa
- ▶ Tevatron made a very strong showing
- ▶ Celebrated announcement of the evidence for D mixing
- ▶ SM in good shape, a few (small) deviations persist
- ▶ Big emphasis in coming years will be searches for BSM
 - Lots of places to look at: flavor physics, g-2, LHC, etc...
- ▶ High energy astronomy is booming ... very exciting
- ▶ GR in good shape, except the curious Pioneer anomaly