

# Classical Mechanics - Module 7

1. Listed below are several statements concerning central force motion. For each statement, give the reason for why the statement is true. If a statement is only true in certain situations, then explain when it holds and when it doesn't. The system referred to below consists of mass  $m_1$  located at  $r_1$  and mass  $m_2$  located at  $r_2$ .
  - The potential energy of the system depends only on the difference  $r_1 - r_2$ , not on  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  separately.
  - The potential energy of the system depends only on the magnitude of  $r_1 - r_2$ , not the direction.
  - It is possible to choose an inertial reference frame in which the center of mass of the system is at rest.
  - The total energy of the system is conserved.
  - The total angular momentum of the system is conserved.
  
2. A particle of mass  $m$  moves in a potential  $U(r) = -U_0 e^{-\lambda^2 r^2}$ .
  - (a) Given the constant  $l$ , find an implicit equation for the radius of the circular orbit. A circular orbit at  $r = \rho$  is possible if
 
$$\left. \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \right) \right|_{r=\rho} = 0$$
 where  $V$  is the effective potential.
  - (b) What is the largest value of  $l$  for which a circular orbit exists? What is the value of the effective potential at this critical orbit?
  
3. A particle of mass  $m$  is observed to move in a spiral orbit given by the equation  $r = k\theta$ , where  $k$  is a constant. Is it possible to have such an orbit in a central force field? If so, determine the form of the force function.
  
4. The interaction energy between two atoms of mass  $m$  is given by the Lennard-Jones potential,  $U(r) = \epsilon [(r_0/r)^{12} - 2(r_0/r)^6]$ 
  - (a) Determine the Lagrangian of the system where  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  are the positions of the first and second mass, respectively.
  - (b) Rewrite the Lagrangian as a one-body problem in which the center-of-mass is stationary.
  - (c) Determine the equilibrium point and show that it is stable.
  - (d) Determine the frequency of small oscillations about the stable point.
  
5. Consider two bodies of mass  $m$  in circular orbit of radius  $r_0/2$ , attracted to each other by a force  $F(r)$ , where  $r$  is the distance between the masses.
  - (a) Determine the Lagrangian of the system in the center-of-mass frame (Hint: a one-body problem subject to a central force).
  - (b) Determine the angular momentum. Is it conserved?
  - (c) Determine the equation of motion in  $r$  in terms of the angular momentum and  $|\mathbf{F}(r)|$ .
  - (d) Expand your result in (c) about an equilibrium radius  $r_0$  and show that the condition for stability is,  $\frac{F'(r_0)}{F(r_0)} + \frac{3}{r_0} > 0$
  
6. Consider two charges of equal magnitude  $q$  connected by a spring of spring constant  $k'$  in circular orbit. Can the charges oscillate about some equilibrium? If so, what condition must be satisfied?
  
7. Consider a mass  $m$  in orbit around a mass  $M$ , which is subject to a force  $F = -\frac{k}{r^2} \hat{r}$ , where  $r$  is the distance between the masses. Show that the Runge-Lenz vector  $A = p \times L - \mu k \hat{r}$  is conserved.