

Exam 2 Formulas

$$\vec{F} = q \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{k q_1 q_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12}$$

$$\phi_E = \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{Q_{\text{enclosed}}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{E} = \int_{\text{vol}} \frac{k dQ}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

$$V = \text{work/charge}$$

$$V_{\text{point charge}} = \frac{kQ}{r}$$

$$V = \int_{\text{vol}} \frac{k dQ}{r}$$

$$E_s = -dV/ds$$

$$V = IR$$

$$Q = CV$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$$

$$P = IV = I^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$|e| = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ coulombs}$$

$$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \frac{\text{Tm}}{\text{A}}$$

$$E = E_0/K$$

$$C = KC_0$$

$$Q(t) = CE(1 - e^{-t/\tau_c})$$

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{-t/\tau_c}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} R_{\text{eq}} &= \sum R_i \\ 1/C_{\text{eq}} &= \sum 1/C_i \end{aligned} \right\} \text{For series geometry}$$

$$\vec{F} = q \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = I \vec{l} \times \vec{B}$$

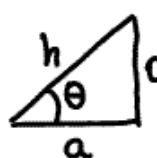
$$\vec{\mu} = nIA$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

$$B_{\text{solenoid}} = \mu_0 n I$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{i d\vec{l} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{\text{encl}} \\ \text{turns}$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{o}{h} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{a}{h}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{o}{a}$$

$$\text{Sphere: } A = 4\pi r^2 \quad V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{cylinder: } A = 2\pi rL + 2\pi r^2$$

$$V = \pi r^2 L$$

$$\int u^n du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u} = \ln|u|$$

$$\int e^u du = e^u$$

$$\int \frac{x dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^{1/2}} = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$$

$$a_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$S = r\theta$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$PE_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$$

$$V = V_0 + at$$

$$x = x_0 + V_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$V^2 = V_0^2 + 2a(x - x_0)$$

$$x = x_0 + \frac{1}{2}(V + V_0)t$$