

1) [50 points total]

Consider a system in the canonical ensemble. Let  $U \equiv \langle E \rangle$  be the total average energy, and  $\Delta E \equiv E - U$  be the fluctuation away from this average. [Warning: only part (c) refers to an ideal gas; parts (a) and (b) refer to any general system.]

a) [15 pts] Derive the following expression between the specific heat at constant volume,  $C_V$ , and fluctuations in the total energy  $E$ ,

$$C_V = \frac{1}{k_B T^2} [\langle E^2 \rangle - \langle E \rangle^2] = \frac{1}{k_B T^2} \langle (\Delta E)^2 \rangle \quad (1)$$

b) [20 pts] Show that

$$\langle (\Delta E)^3 \rangle = k_B^2 T^4 \left( \frac{\partial C_V}{\partial T} \right)_V + 2k_B^2 T^3 C_V \quad (2)$$

c) [15 pts] For a classical, non-relativistic, non-interacting ideal gas of  $N$  indistinguishable particles, show that,

$$\left\langle \left( \frac{\Delta E}{U} \right)^2 \right\rangle = \frac{2}{3N}, \quad \text{and} \quad \left\langle \left( \frac{\Delta E}{U} \right)^3 \right\rangle = \frac{8}{9N^2} \quad (3)$$

2) [50 points total]

Consider a classical gas of  $N$  indistinguishable, non-interacting, particles with *ultra-relativistic* energies, i.e. the energy - momentum relation of a particle is given by  $\epsilon(\mathbf{p}) = |\mathbf{p}|c$ , with  $c$  the speed of light and  $\mathbf{p}$  the particle's momentum. The gas is in equilibrium at temperature  $T$ , confined to a three dimensional box of volume  $V$ .

a) [20 pts] Compute the *canonical* partition function for this system.

b) [15 pts] Show that this system obeys the usual ideal gas law,  $pV = Nk_B T$ .

c) [15 pts] Find the specific heat at constant *pressure*,  $C_p$ .